Four-lepton production from photon-induced reactions in *pp* collisions at the LHC

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### Motivation

- Photon-induced dilepton production in pp collisions
  - O(3%) contribution to inclusive Drell-Yan (low-mass and high-mass regions)
  - Dominated by proton-dissociative reactions



 By analogy, the inclusive four-lepton production at the LHC should also include photon-induced term...





Events / 10 GeV

# Elementary $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ cross-section

#### Summation over various leading-order amplitudes

- <u>t-channel photon exchange</u> (dominant)
- Final-state radiation
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$  process not included (forbidden at the tree-level, therefore highly suppressed)



- Calculations done using Madgraph5\_aMC@NLO
  - Cross-checks made with independent calculations <u>Eur.Phys.J. C36 (2004) 341-363</u>
  - To take into account that the proton emits a photon, relevant photon-PDFs are used for dissociative part (EPA for elastic)
  - MG5 is interfaced with Pythia8 to account for QCD effects (e.g. UE, PS)

# Elementary $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ cross-section

- Elementary cross-section behaviour as a function of γγ c.m.e. (W<sub>γγ</sub>)
  - $\sigma_{\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell}$  constant with  $W_{\gamma\gamma}$  and dominates the cross-section at large  $W_{\gamma\gamma}$  for photon-induced multi-lepton production (no angular cuts applied)
  - This behaviour is due to the spin-1 t-channel exchange: leptons are emitted in very forward directions, almost collinear to the beam axis
  - When |η|< 2.5 requirement is applied to all leptons, the cross-sections are proportional to 1/W<sub>γγ</sub><sup>2</sup>



## $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ in *pp* collisions (as a signal)

• A view what can be expected at the LHC.

**Assumptions** wrt some possible measurement:

- Dilepton trigger used (p<sub>T</sub> > 10 GeV for leading and subleading lepton)
- **p**<sub>T</sub> > 1 GeV for third and fourth-leading lepton (due to tracking inefficiency)
- $|\eta| < 2.5$  for all leptons with  $\Delta R > 0.1$  angular separation





# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ in *pp* collisions (as a bkgd)

- Background to inclusive production of four leptons at the LHC
  - Photon-induced contribution can reach up to 5% of the standard qq contribution in the non-resonant mass range of the Z boson (i.e. 70 GeV < m<sub>41</sub> < 80 GeV and 100 GeV < m<sub>41</sub> < 110 GeV)</li>

and **up to 3%** in the mass range of the Higgs boson

 Here the specific kinematic cuts are applied, as in <u>arXiv:1509.07844</u>



# $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ in *pp* collisions (as a bkgd)

- Background to exclusive  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW \rightarrow e\mu v_e v_\mu$  production
  - $2\ell$  final state (neutrinos avoid detection)
  - Enhancement of the elementary γγ → 4ℓ cross section at large lepton pseudorapidities:
    It is possible that some of the four leptons will avoid the detection, whereas other could 'mimic' the exclusive 2ℓ final state
- Cross-section comparison for fiducial region definition from JHEP 1307 (2013) 116 (exclusive WW from CMS at 7 TeV)
  - $p_T > 20$  GeV and  $|\eta| < 2.4$  for each lepton
  - $|\eta| > 2.4$  veto on either eµ pair (eµeµ final state)

$$\sigma_{pp(\gamma\gamma) \to ppW^+W^- \to ppe^{\pm}\mu^{\mp}\nu_e\nu_{\mu}}^{\text{fid}} = 0.66 \text{ fb}$$
  
$$\sigma_{pp(\gamma\gamma) \to ppe^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{fid}} = 0.4 \text{ fb} \longrightarrow ~60\% \text{ contribution}$$

• However, after imposing  $p_T(\ell \ell) > 30$  GeV requirement (and/or MET > 30 GeV) the photon-induced four-lepton contribution is **suppressed below 5%** 

## $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$ in *pp* collisions - observation

- Dilepton veto in γγ → 4ℓ reactions: vetoed leptons (with |η| > 2.4) typically have very small p<sub>T</sub>'s
  - Almost no impact on the central lepton pair kinematics
  - Use same-sign lepton pairs to estimate the exclusive  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$  contribution? -> inclusive background should be significantly reduced...
    - -> elastic part can be also separated from proton-dissociative components



## Summary

- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow 4\ell$  in *pp* collisions is a very interesting process to consider at the LHC
- Calculated cross-sections demonstrate that it should be possible to observe these reactions using high-luminosity LHC runs (ATLAS/CMS)
  - Alternatively, one can use same-sign dileptons with veto on the remaining lepton pair to enhance the cross-section (and measure the elastic part)
- This process can also constitute a background to different reactions:
  - Inclusive four-lepton production (non-resonant regions)
  - Exclusive WW production