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Studies of magnetic and photomagnetic properties of a new member of Cu(II)-Mo(IV) photomagnetic family

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In molecular magnetism, the use of $[M(\text{CN})_8]^{n-}$ ($M = \text{Mo}, \text{W}; n = 3, 4$) ions as building block for the generation of cyanido bridged coordination polymers is growing rapidly due to their potential functionalities [1]. In the paramagnetic $[M(\text{CN})_8]^{n-}$ ($M = \text{Mo}, \text{W}; n = 3$) ions the metal centre provides more diffuse single occupied orbital which causes stronger magnetic exchange interaction [1,2]. On the other hand the diamagnetic $[M(\text{CN})_8]^{n-}$ ($M = \text{Mo}, \text{W}; n = 4$) ions show interesting photoredox properties which make them interesting photomagnetic materials after photo irradiation [3]. Within this family, the $\text{Cu}^{\text{II}}-\text{[Mo(CN)}_8]^{4-}$ assemblies have been extensively studied. Keeping this point in mind, we have synthesized novel coordination polymer $[\text{Cu}(1,2\text{-DAP})_2\text{Mo(CN)}_8]_n[\text{Cu}(1,2\text{-DAP})_2\text{H}_2\text{O}]_n \cdot 3n\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (**1**) (1,2-DAP = 1,2-diaminopropane). The X-ray crystal structure analysis reveals that (**1**) consists of anionic chains and cationic $[\text{Cu}(1,2\text{-DAP})_2\text{H}_2\text{O}]^+$ species between the chains. The magnetic properties of (**1**) is related to two uncoupled paramagnetic copper(II) centers. The solid state UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra have revealed the presence of the band at 430 nm for (**1**), which can be attributed to the MMCT band. After the irradiation of compound (**1**) with the light of 430 nm a photo response consisting of increase of magnetic susceptibility and magnetization at 1.8 K has been found.

References

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