Searches for Exotica at CMS



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On behalf of the CMS Collaboration



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Introduction



- SM explains three types of fundamental interactions!
- ✓ There is a Higgs boson!

Open Questions:

- Including gravitational force?
- Unification of forces?
- Hierarchy problem?
- Matter-antimatter asymmetry?
- Dark matter and energy?
- Neutrino mixing and masses?
- Origin of generations?
- **.**..

CMS Exotica Searches:

- Heavy bosons
- Extra space dimensions
- Heavy fermions
- Black Holes
- Dark Matter
- Leptoquarks
- Exited fermions
- New phenomena
- **...**



Introduction



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- ✓ There is a Higgs boson!

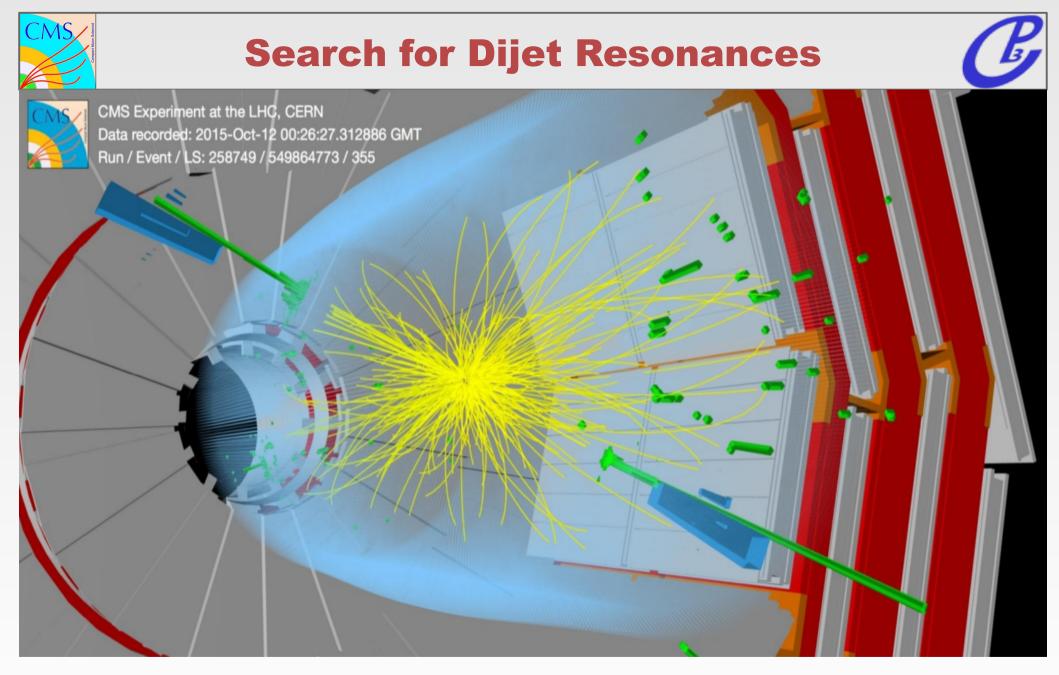
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- New phenomena
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Early Run 2 results @ 13 TeV and Run 1 @ 8 TeV



Event display highest dijet mass $M_{ij} = 6.14 \text{ TeV}$

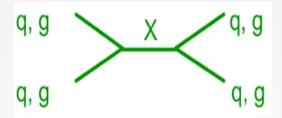


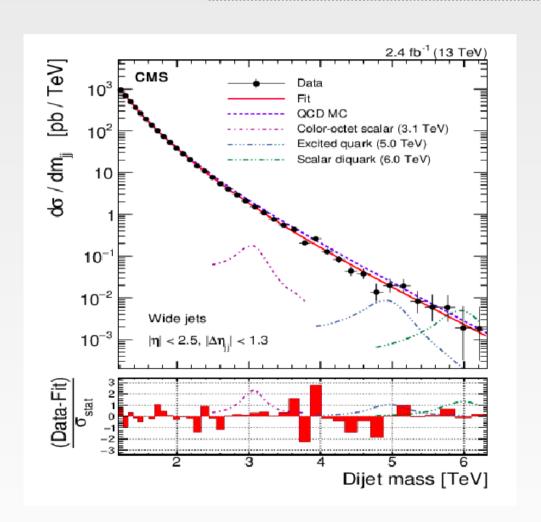
Search for Dijet Resonances



EXO-15-001: arXiv:1512.01224

- Search for a bump in the smoothly falling dijet mass spectrum
- Sensitive to a wide range of models predicting dijet resonances
- qq, qg and gg final states



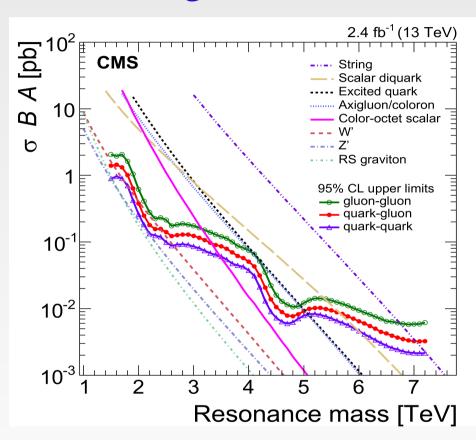




Search for Dijet Resonances



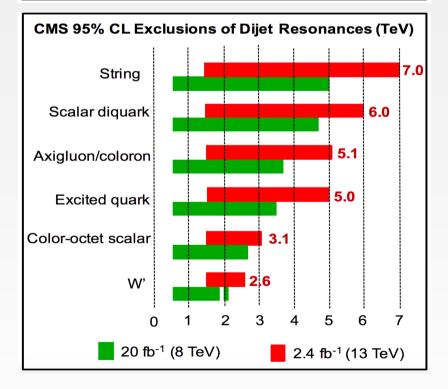
Observed limits @13 TeV



Significantly better mass limits @ 13 TeV

EXO-15-001: arXiv:1512.01224

Model	Final	Obs. Mass	Exp. Mass
	State	Limit [TeV]	Limit [TeV]
String	qg	7.0	6.9
Scalar diquark	qq	6.0	6.1
Axigluon/coloron	$q\overline{q}$	5.1	5.1
Excited quark (q*)	qg	5.0	4.8
Color-octet scalar	gg	3.1	3.3
Heavy PW (W')	$q\overline{q}$	2.6	2.3





Searches with Dijet Angular Distribution



Expanding dijet analysis by exploiting the dijet angular distribution:

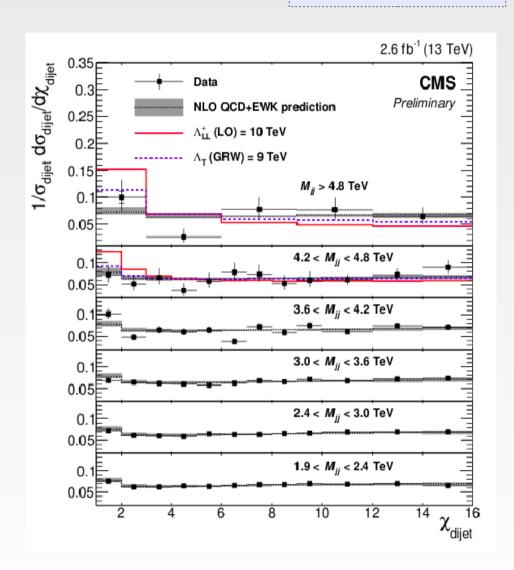
$$\chi = e^{2|y^*|} \xrightarrow[m \to 0]{} \frac{1 + |\cos \theta^*|}{1 - |\cos \theta^*|}$$

Sensitive to many new physics
 (approximately flat for QCD,
 deviations at low values for new physics)

Limits on contact interactions and Extra Dimensions at 13 TeV:

Compositeness model	Observed lower limit (TeV)	Expected lower limit (TeV)	
$\Lambda_{LL/RR}^{+}$ (LO)	12.1	12.0 ± 1.1	
$\Lambda_{LL/RR}^{-}$ (LO)	16.3	15.3 ± 2.4	
$ADD \Lambda_T (GRW)$	9.1	9.0 ± 0.7	
ADD M_S (HLZ) $n_{ED} = 2$	9.7	9.6 ± 0.7	
ADD M_S (HLZ) $n_{ED} = 3$	10.8	10.7 ± 0.8	
ADD M_S (HLZ) $n_{ED} = 4$	9.2	9.0 ± 0.7	
ADD M_S (HLZ) $n_{ED} = 5$	8.3	8.1 ± 0.6	
ADD M_S (HLZ) $n_{ED} = 6$	7.7	7.6 ± 0.6	

CMS-PAS-EXO-15-009



Most stringent limits on ADD models



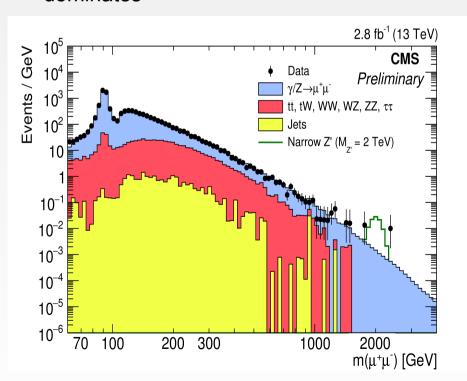
Search for new Heavy Resonances in Dileptons



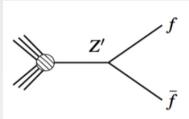
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-005

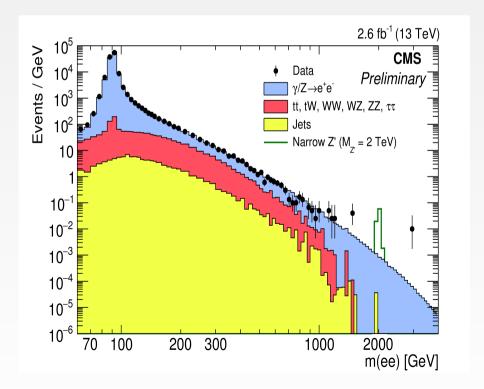
Search for a heavy, narrow resonance in the dilepton invariant mass spectrum

- Analysis is sensitive to new heavy resonances e.g. Z' (SSM, String), extra space dimensions (RS, ADD Graviton) at high mass (low background)
- Reconstruction efficiency and mass resolution dominates



i.....





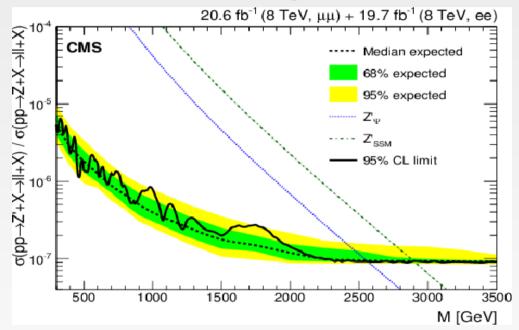


Search for new Heavy Resonances in Dileptons

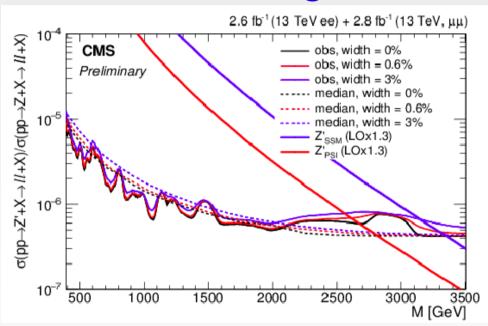


CMS-PAS-EXO-12-061, arXiv:1412.6302 CMS-PAS-EXO-15-009

Combined Limits @ 8 TeV



Combined Limits @ 13 TeV



Observed mass limits $(Z'_{\psi} \& Z'_{SSM})$

Run-1: 2.6, 2.9 TeV Run-2: 2.6, 3.2 TeV

	channel	Z'_{ψ}		Z_{SSM}'	
	Charmer	obs (TeV)	expected (TeV)	obs (TeV)	expected (TeV)
ĺ	ее	2.40	2.45	2.75	2.95
	$\mu^+\mu^-$	2.40	2.55	3.00	3.05
	$ee+\mu^+\mu^-$	2.60	2.80	3.15	3.35



Search for Heavy Resonances with Dimuons



For more info see my PhD Thesis (2015): http://hdl.handle.net/2078.1/165868

Matrix Element Method

Uses the probability that an observed event in the experiment is the result of a given parton-level process, including the uncertainties on the measurements.

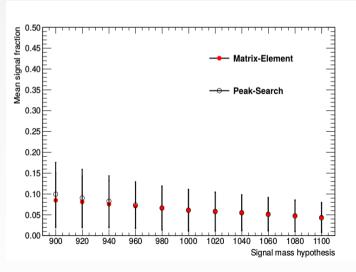
Takes into account

- all the information of all measured particles provided in an event
- change in detector resolution particle by particle

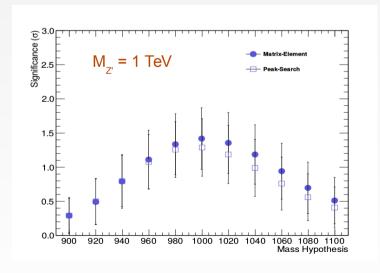
Likelihood function for underlying model parameters (M) taking into account detector setup and event selection

$$L(x|M) = pdf(x|M \text{ and } x \text{ in } X') = \frac{1}{\varepsilon'\sigma'} \int_{Y'} \frac{d\sigma_M}{dy} \varepsilon(y) w'(x|y) dy$$

Signal fraction (background-only toy-experiments)



Z-score (20B+5S toy-experiments)



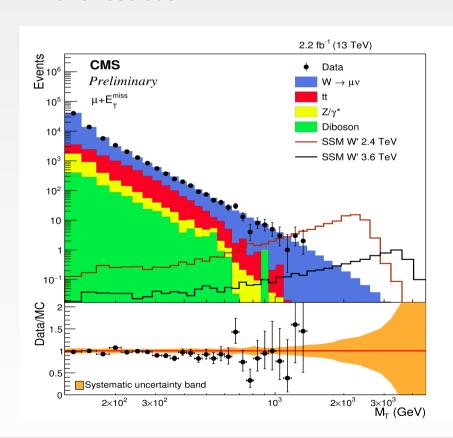


Search for Heavy W' with lepton+MET



Search for a heavy W' resonance (SSM) decaying to a charged lepton and a neutrino

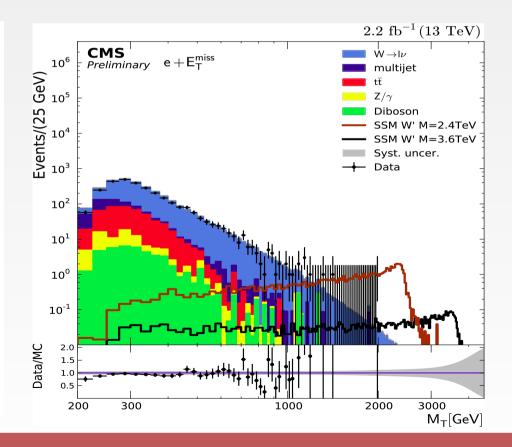
- Analysis is sensitive to new heavy resonances at the high mass
- Key aspects: lepton energy scale and resolution



CMS-PAS-EXO-15-006

Transverse mass discriminant:

$$M_{T} = \sqrt{2p_{T}^{l}E_{T}^{miss}(1 - \cos[\Delta\phi(\vec{p}_{T}^{l}, \vec{p}_{T}^{miss})])}$$





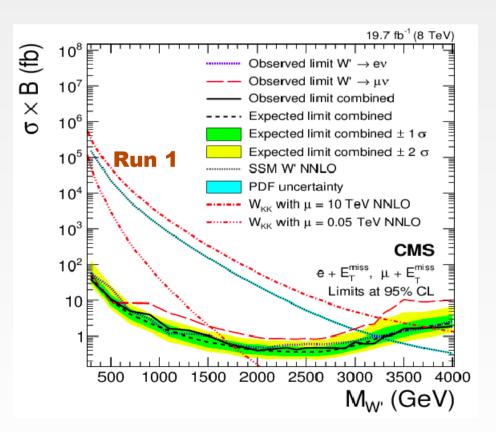
Search for Heavy W' with lepton+MET



CMS-PAS-EXO-15-006

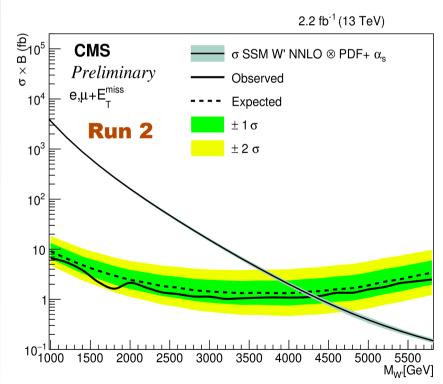
- Search for a heavy W' resonance (SSM) decaying to a charged lepton and a neutrino
- Analysis is sensitive to new heavy resonances at the high mass

Mass limits improves ~1TeV @ Run2



Transverse mass discriminant:

$$M_{T} = \sqrt{2p_{T}^{l}E_{T}^{miss}(1 - \cos[\Delta\phi(\vec{p}_{T}^{l}, \vec{p}_{T}^{miss})])}$$



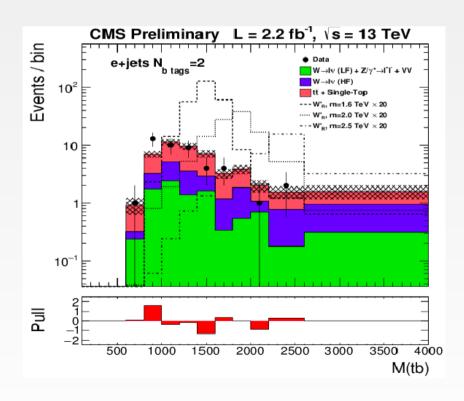


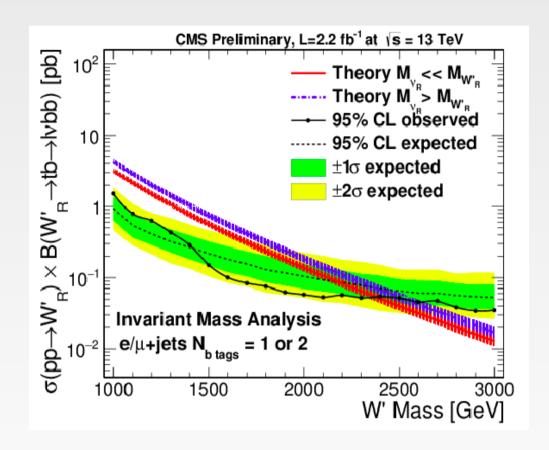
Search for Heavy W' with t+b



CMS-PAS-B2G-15-004

- Search for a heavy W' decaying to a top and a bottom quark in leptonic final state
- Analysis is sensitive to new heavy resonances at high mass
- b-jet identification





Mass limits (2.4TeV observed) already better than 8TeV



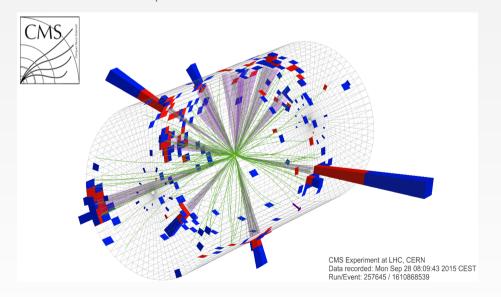
Search for Black Holes



CMS-PAS-EXO-15-007

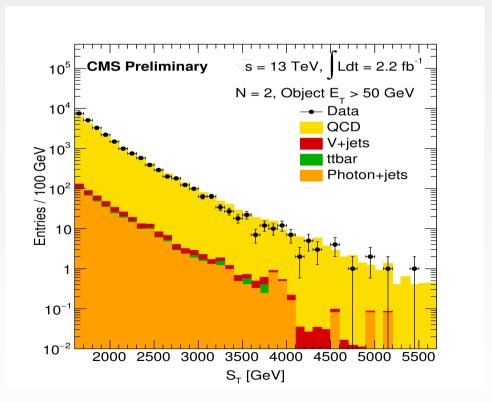
- Search for semi-classical and quantum Black Holes in highly energetic, high multiplicity decays
- Looking for a broad excess in the number of object multiplicity (N) and S_⊤ shape
- Main background is QCD multijet

Event display for a black hole candidate N = 12, $S_{\tau} = 5.48$ TeV



Key discriminant:

$$S_{\rm T} = \sum_{\rm j,e,\mu,\gamma}^{N} E_{\rm T} \ (\rm if \ > 50 \ GeV) + MET \ (\rm if \ > 50 \ GeV)$$



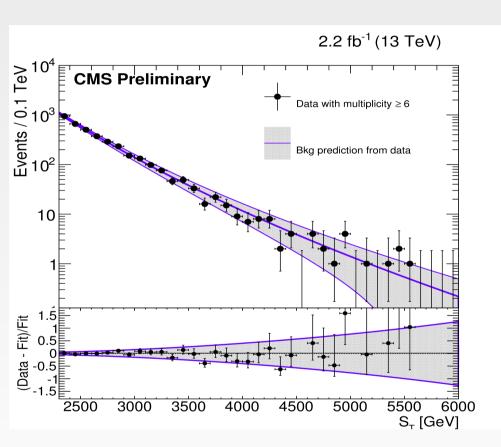


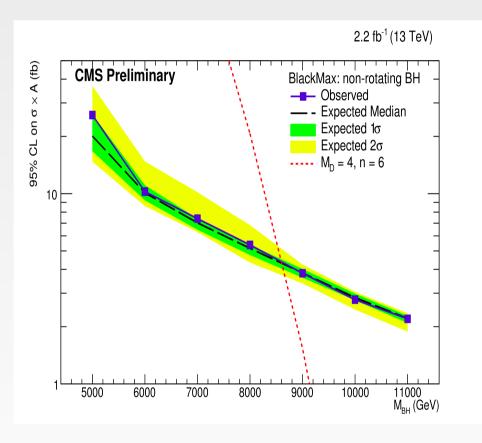
Search for Black Holes



CMS-PAS-EXO-15-007

No significant excess is observed in binned N and S_{+} distributions





Run 2 mass limits: 8.0 TeV (for QBH) and 8.7 TeV (for semi-classical BH)

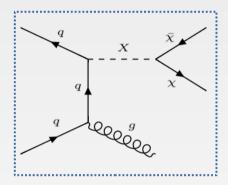
Run 1 mass limits: 5.5-6.0 TeV

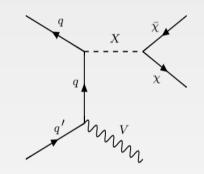


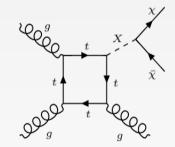
Search for Dark Matter

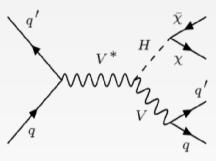


- Search for dark matter with jets and missing transverse energy (MET)
- DM pairs produced via mediator
 - ► Run-2: ISR jet
 - ► Run-1: ISR jet+V_{had} (V-tagging)



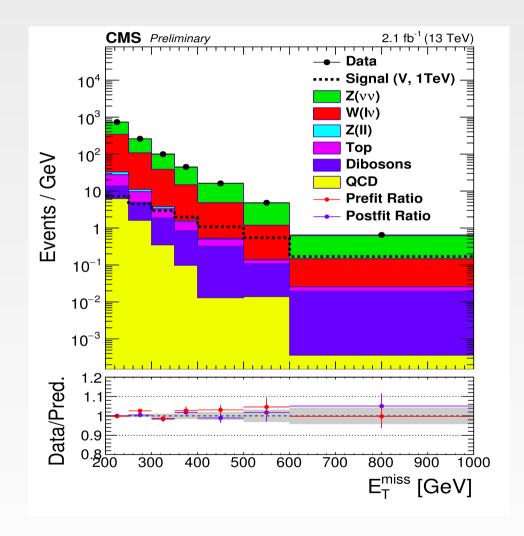






- Mediators: Vector+Axial+Scalar+Pseudoscalar
- Atlas/CMS Dark Matter Forum arXiv:1507.00966

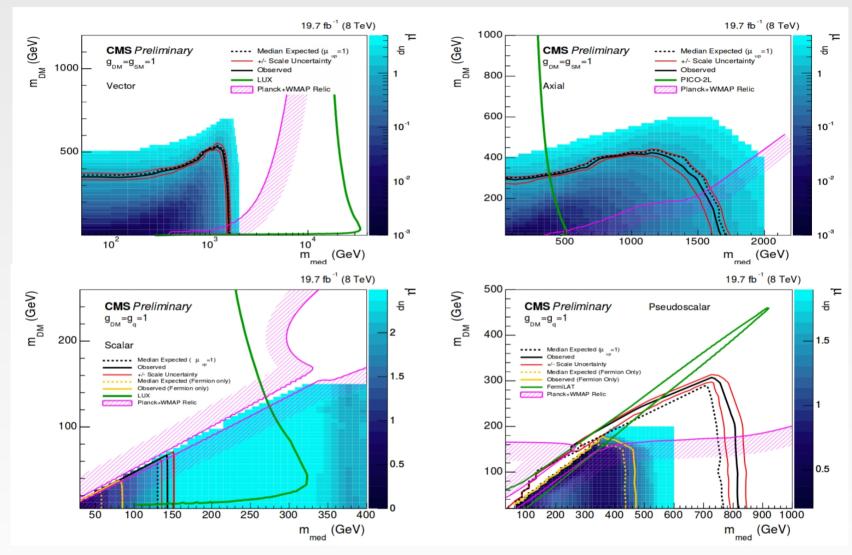
CMS PAS-EXO-12-055 @8TeV CMS-PAS-EXO-15-003 @13TeV





Search for Dark Matter @ 8TeV





Run 1 limits in (m_{DM}, m_{med}) plane, compare to **Direct Detection** and **Relic** CMS most complementary for Axial and Psuedoscalar mediators

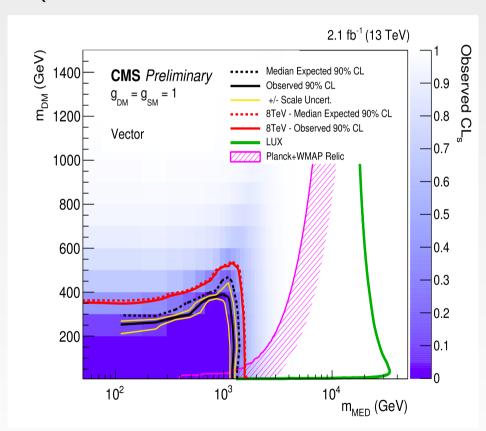


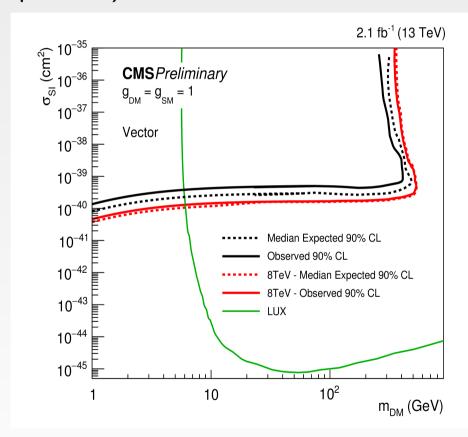
Search for Dark Matter @ 13TeV



CMS-PAS-EXO-15-003

Run 2 sensitivity comparable to Run 1 (for Vector mediator and Direct Detection interpretation)





CMS contributes at low $\rm m_{_{DM}}$





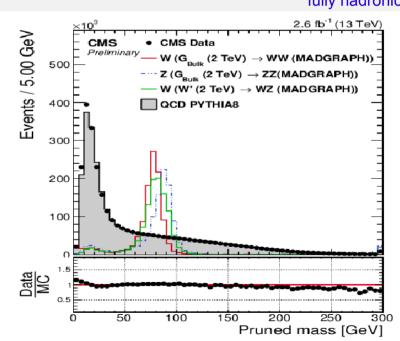
Search for a resonance (W', Z' or Extra Dimensions) with boosted dibosons (VV) in semileptonic and fully hadronic final states

CMS-PAS-EXO-15-002

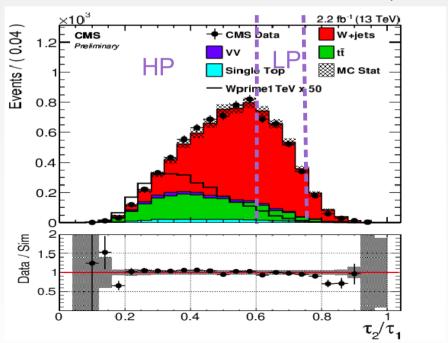
- W/Z tagging is a key factor
 - V-jets pruned mass reconstruction (65 < m_{iet} < 105 GeV)
 - N-Subjettiness ratio $(\tau_{21} = \tau_2/\tau_1)$
- Event categorization: Low-Purity and High-Purity
- WZ, WW, ZZ are presented



fully hadronic



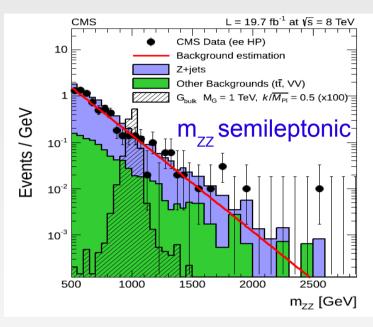
semi leptonic

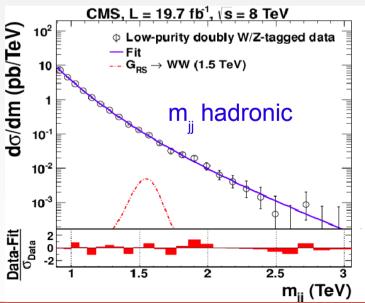




Search for Diboson Resonances @ 8 TeV

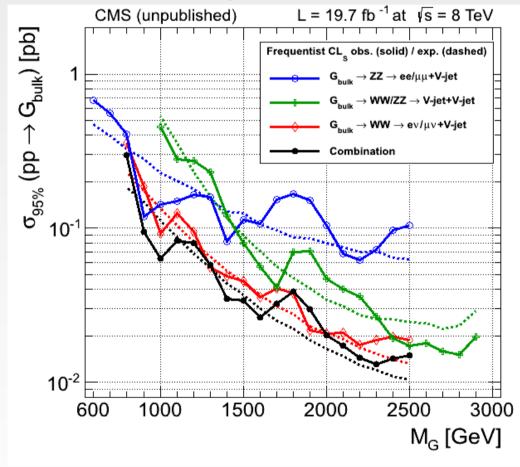






CMS-EXO-13-009, arXiv:1405.3447 CMS-EXO-12-024, arXiv:1405.1994

Combination semileptonic+hadronic



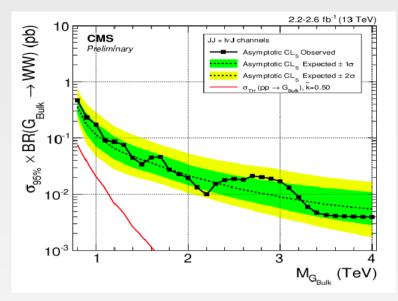
Run 1 excesses were seen ~1.8 TeV

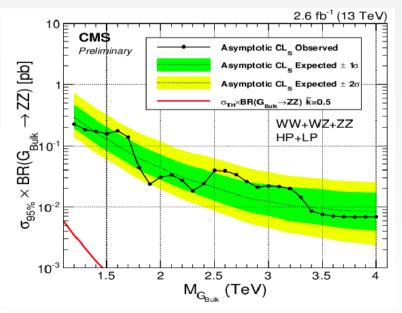


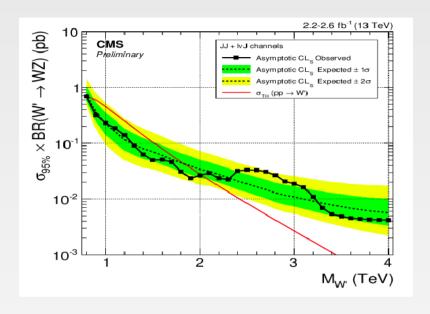


Search for Diboson Resonances @ 13 TeV (





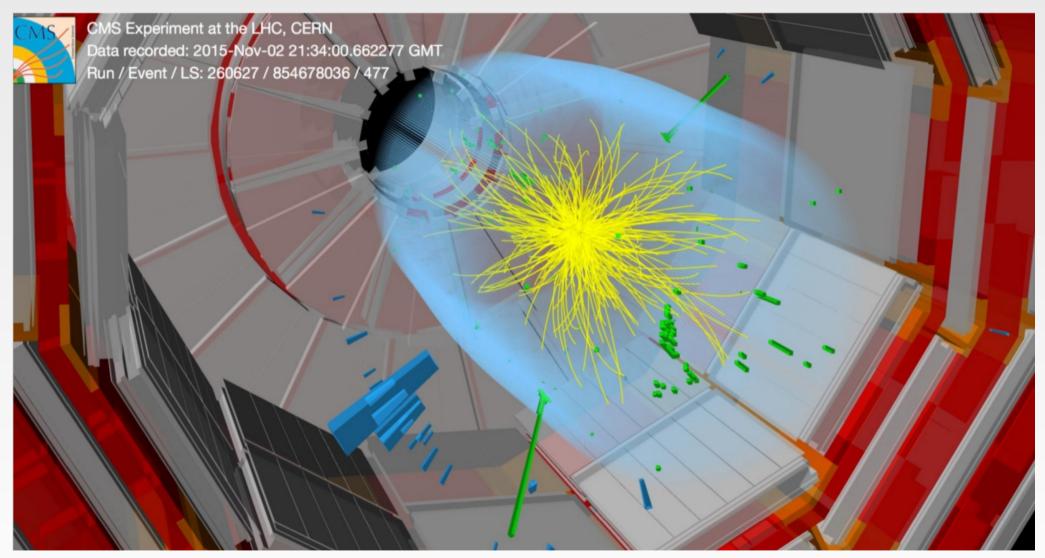




- Hadronic (VV) + semileptonic (WV)
- No more excesses are observed ~1.8 TeV
- More stringent upper limits on the production σxBR are set for the models considered







diphoton event display with a mass of 745 GeV





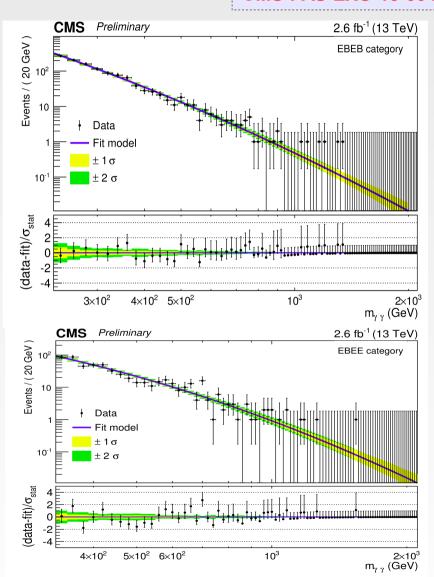
CMS-PAS-EXO-15-004

- Search for a bump in the diphoton invariant mass spectrum
- Sensitive to models of flat or warped Extra Dimension (Randall-Sundrum and ADD models)
- Two event categories of pairs of photons:
 - barrel-barrel (EBEB),
 - barrel-endcap (EBEE)
- RS gravitons are considered with three assumptions on effective coupling:

$$\widetilde{k} = k/M_{Pl} = 0.01, 0.1, 0.2$$

Background parametrization:

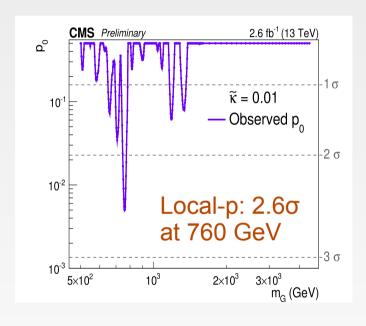
$$f(m_{\gamma\gamma}) = m_{\gamma\gamma}^{a+b \cdot \log(m_{\gamma\gamma})}$$



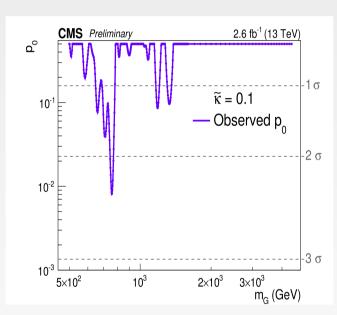




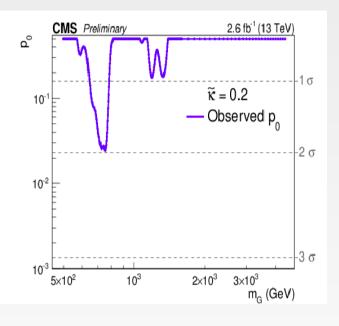
narrow width







wide width



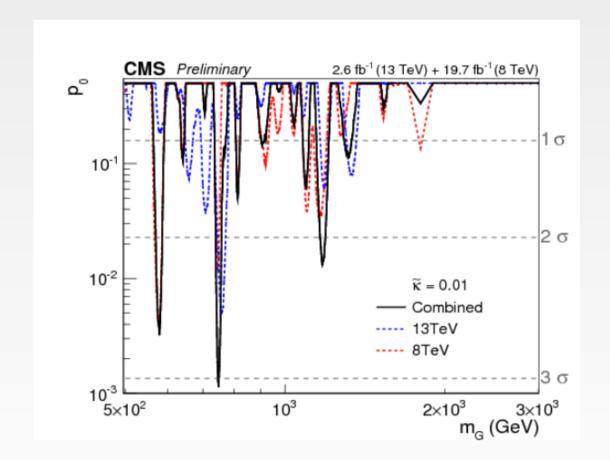
after LEE correction \rightarrow global p-value <1.2 σ



Diphoton Combination of Run 1 and Run 2



- Largest excess $m_g = 750$ GeV with a local significance of 3σ
- Global significance < 1.7σ

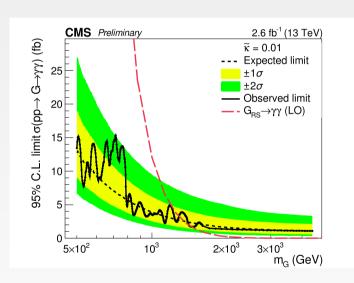


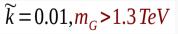


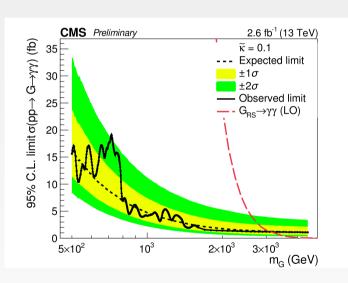


RS signal mass values lower than **1.3** TeV (\widetilde{k} =0.01), **3.1** TeV (\widetilde{k} =0.1) and 3.8 TeV (\widetilde{k} =0.2) are excluded!

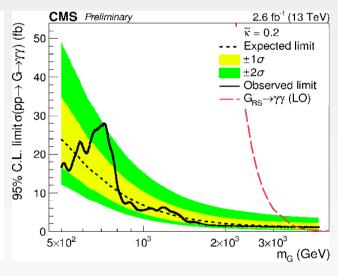
Run 1 mass limits: **1.4** TeV (\widetilde{k} =0.01), **2.7** TeV (\widetilde{k} =0.1)







 $\widetilde{k} = 0.1, m_G > 3.1 \text{ TeV}$



$$\widetilde{k} = 0.2, m_G > 3.8 \text{ TeV}$$



Summary



- 2015 data sample sufficient to reach or exceed Run 1 sensitivity for many analyses
- Exciting diboson excess at Run 1 does not appear at Run 2
- A new small excess in diphoton, more data needed!

CMS Physics Results @ 13 TeV: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/LHC-Jamboree-2015.html

Exotica Public Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/EXO/index.html

Exotica Preliminary Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/EXO/index.html

B2G LHC Jamboree Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/LHC-Jamboree-2015/B2G.html



Summary



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- Exciting diboson excess at Run 1 does not appear at Run 2
- A new small excess in diphoton, more data needed!
- Analyses will be updated/improved...

CMS Physics Results @ 13 TeV: http://cms-results/veb.cern.ch/cms-results/public results/preliminary-results/LHC-Jamboree-2015.html Exotica Public Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/publications/EXO/index.html

Exotica Preliminary Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.coms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/EXO/index.html

B2G LHC Jamboree Results: http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/preliminary-results/LHC-Jamboree-2015/B2G.html



Thank you!













Back-Up

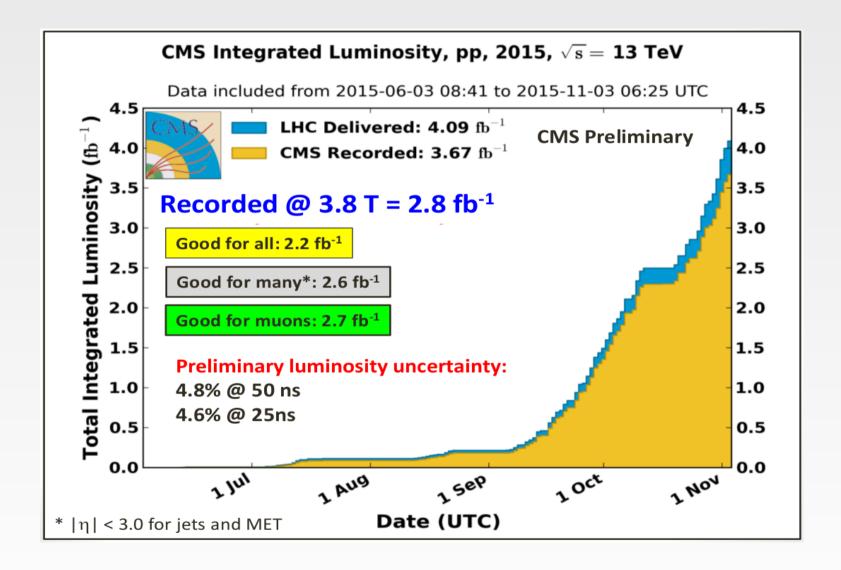


Back-Up



CMS 13 TeV Data

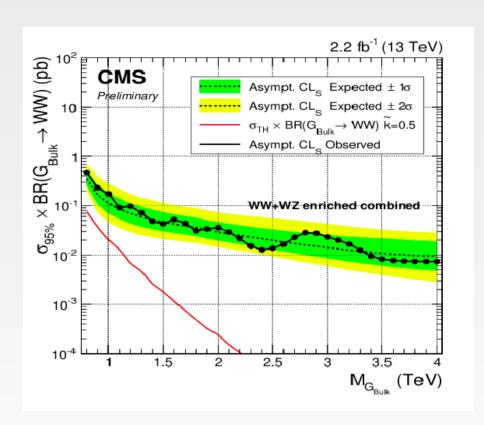


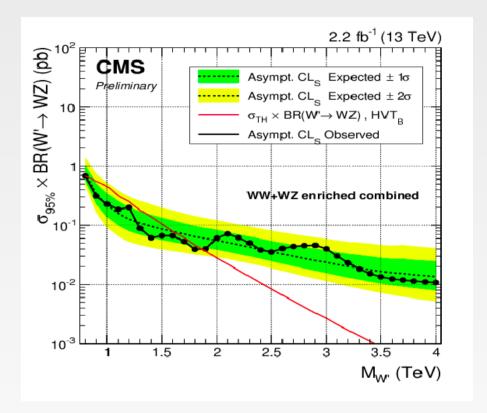




Searches with Dibosons: Semi-leptonic



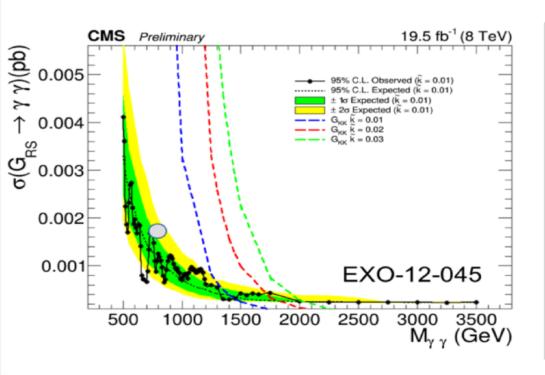


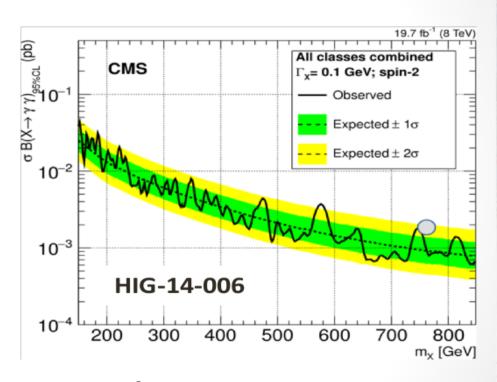






Compatibility with Run 1





Excess not excluded by Run 1searches

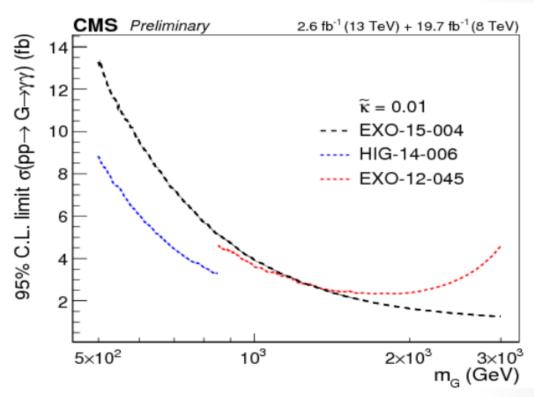


Combination of Run1 and Run2



Combination of 8TeV and 13TeV results

- Combination performed assuming narrow RS
 - graviton hypothesis.
 - Results expressed in terms of equivalent 13TeV cross sections.
- Two analyses at 8TeV.
 - HIG-14-006 and EXO-12-045
 - HIG-14-006 is the most sensitive in the covered range (larger acceptance, plus categorization).





Combination of Run1 and Run2



Combined limits and p-values

- Combined limit improves single analyses sensitivity by 20-30%.
 - Largest excess: M_G=750GeV, local significance 3σ
 - global significance < 1.7σ

