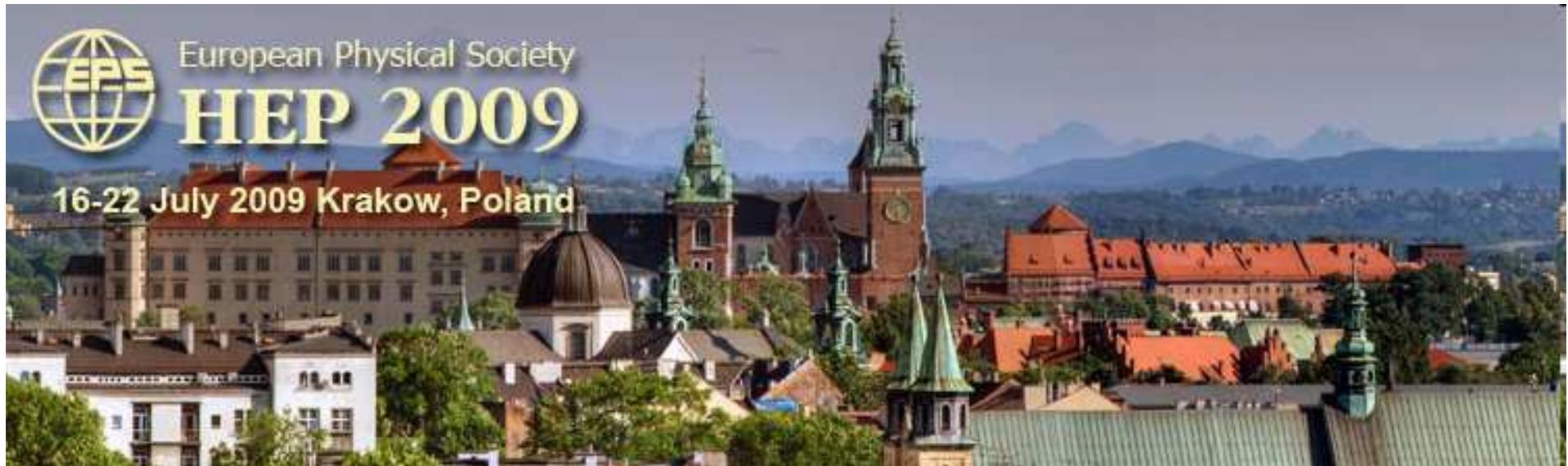
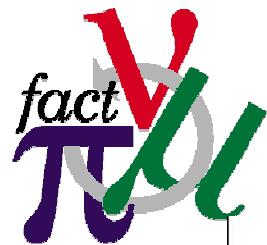


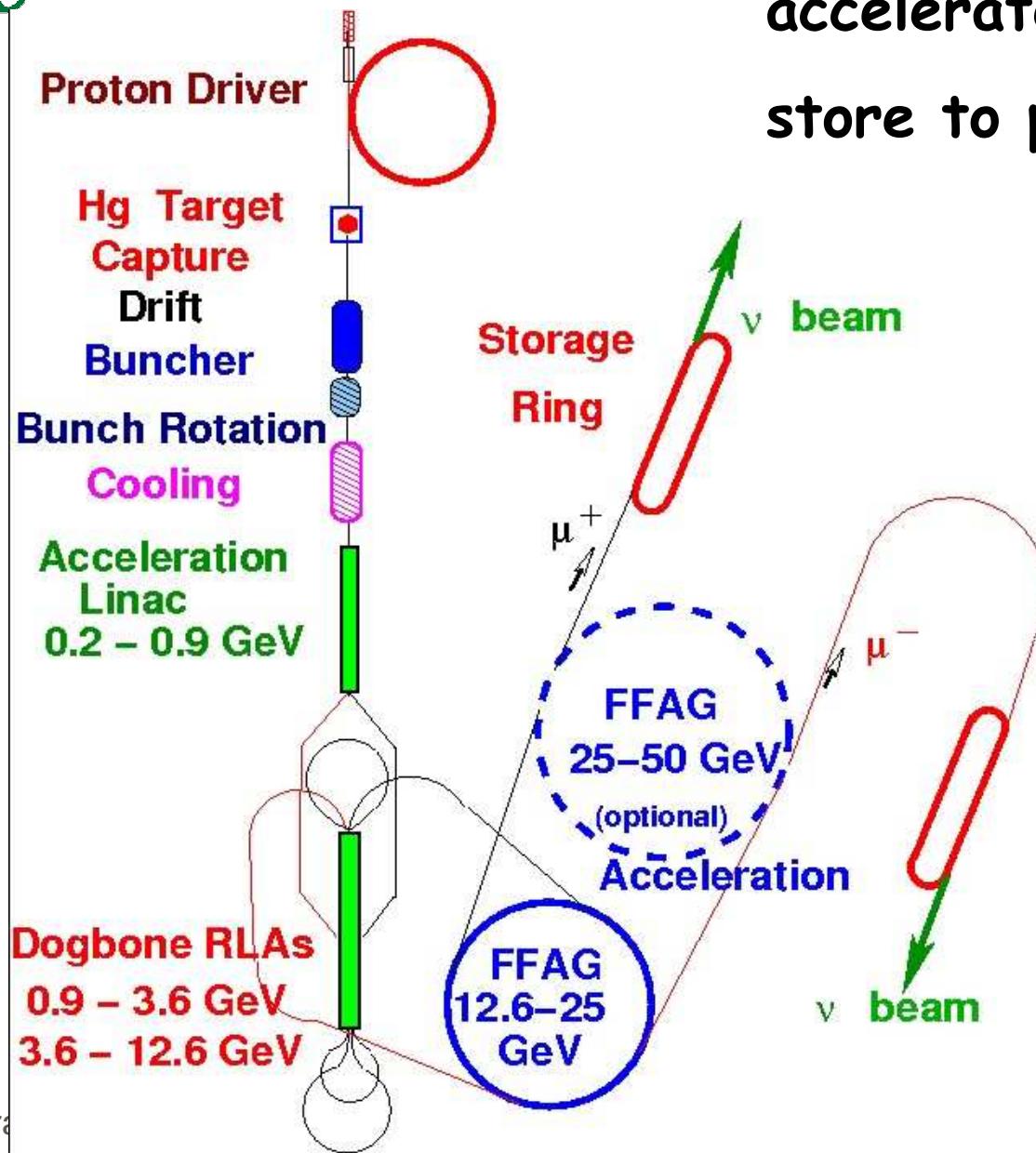
Neutrino Factory development

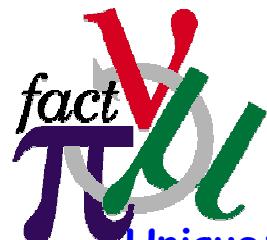
And the International Design Study





neutrino factory:
accelerate **muons** and
store to produce neutrinos



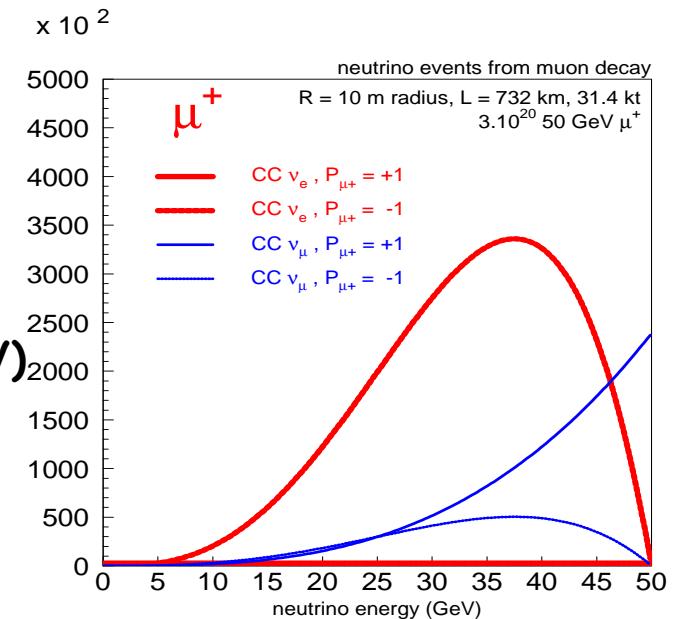


$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

Unique: High energy electron neutrinos, spectrum extends up to ~muon energy above tau production threshold (3.5 GeV) and matter resonance (~12 GeV)

Flux well known (10^{-3})

Appearance oscillation signal: wrong sign muons:



Golden channel:

$$\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu; \nu_\mu + N \rightarrow \mu^- + X$$

vs

$$\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\mu; \bar{\nu}_\mu + N \rightarrow \mu^+ + X$$

Detection « easy » : LARGE (100kton) magnetized iron neutrino detector (MIND) baseline detector.

More difficult:

Silver channel:

$$\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\tau; \nu_\tau + N \rightarrow \tau^- + X$$

wrong sign taus:

Platinum channel:

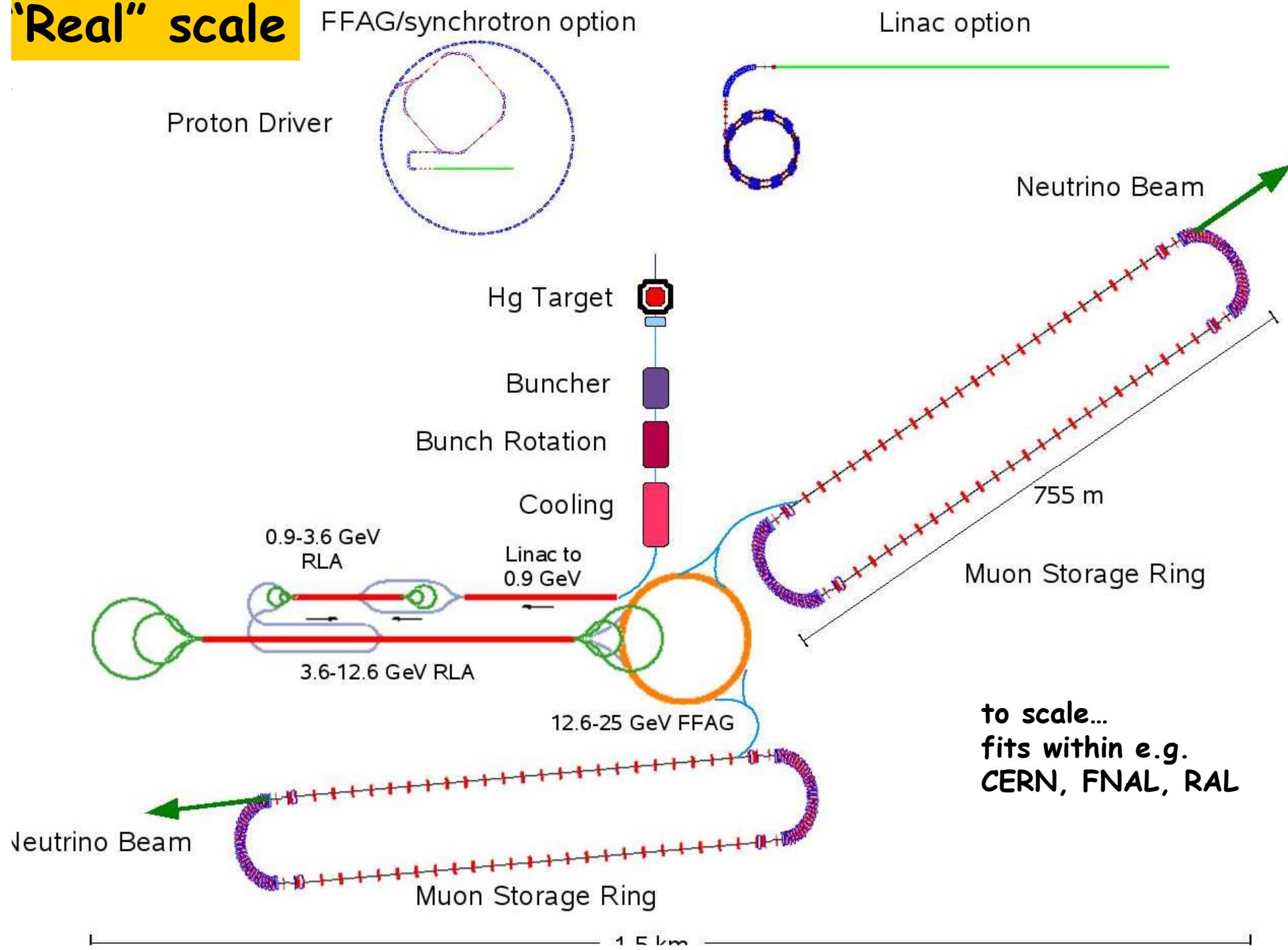
$$\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e; \bar{\nu}_e + N \rightarrow e^+ + X$$

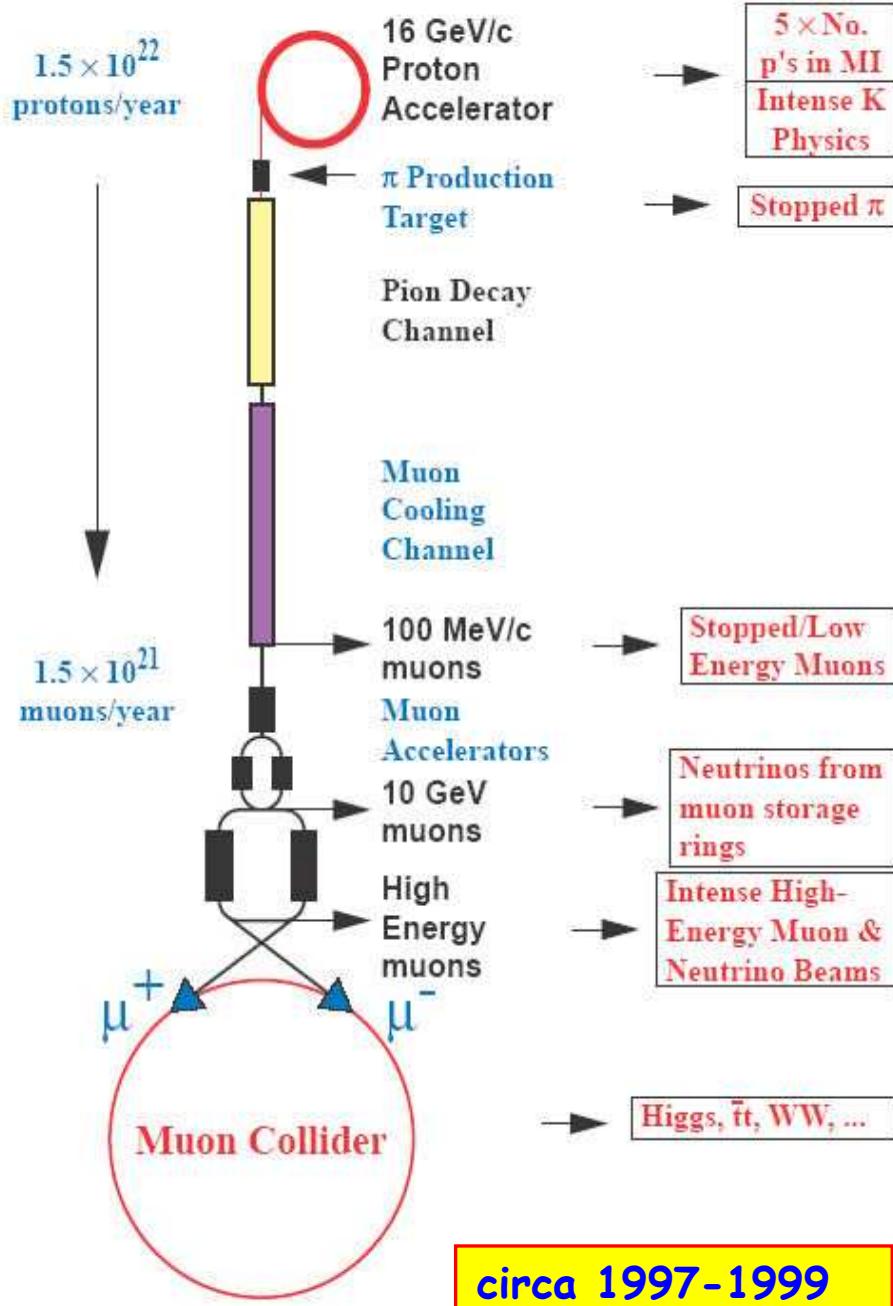
wrong sign electrons:

require emulsion or fine grain (Larg or TASD) detector in magnetic field
- a challenge!

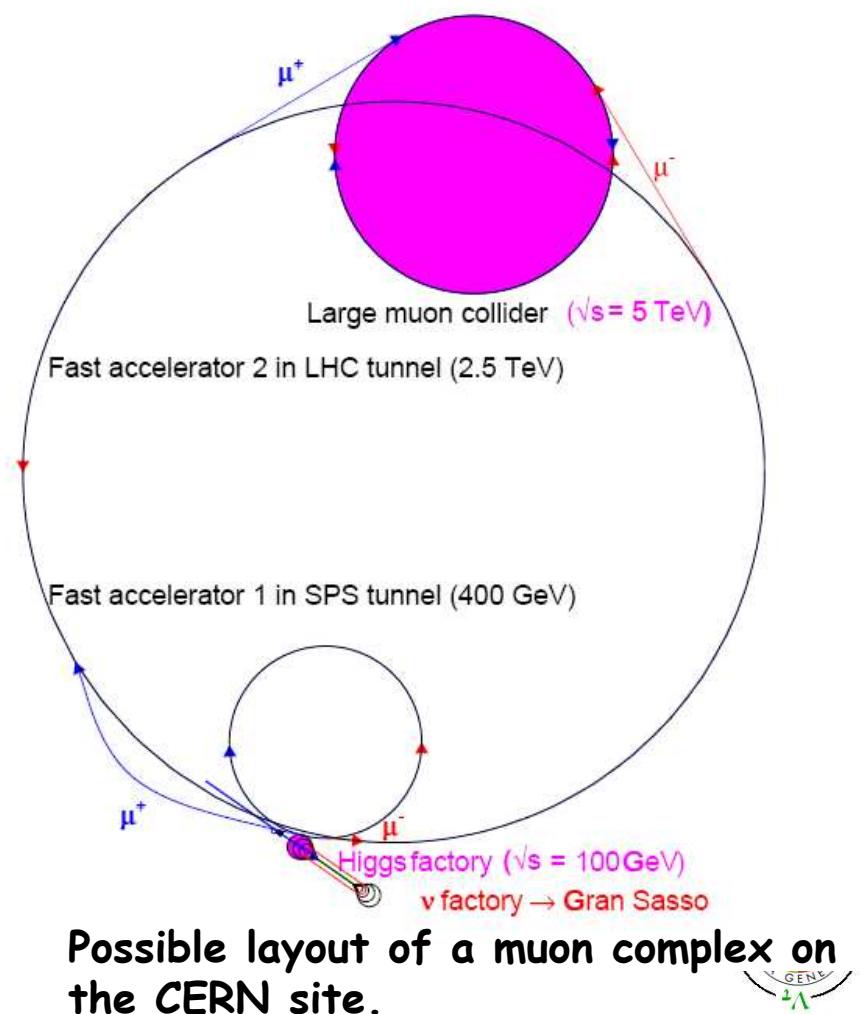


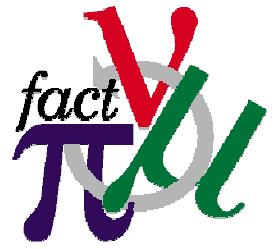
'Real' scale



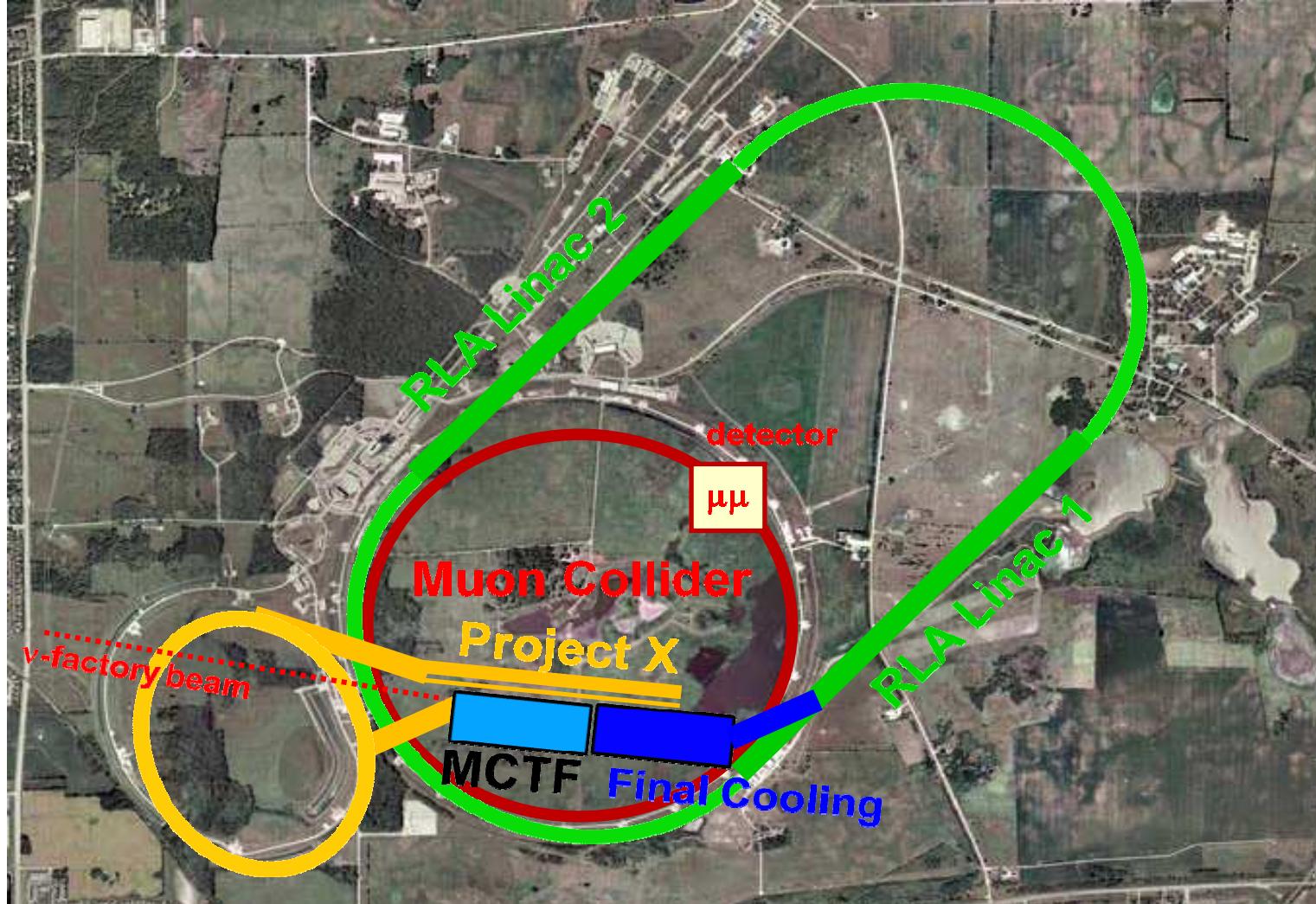


Intense nucl. and hadr. physics
Intense Low-E muons
Neutrino Factory
Higgs(es) Factory(ies)
Energy Frontier -> 5 TeV



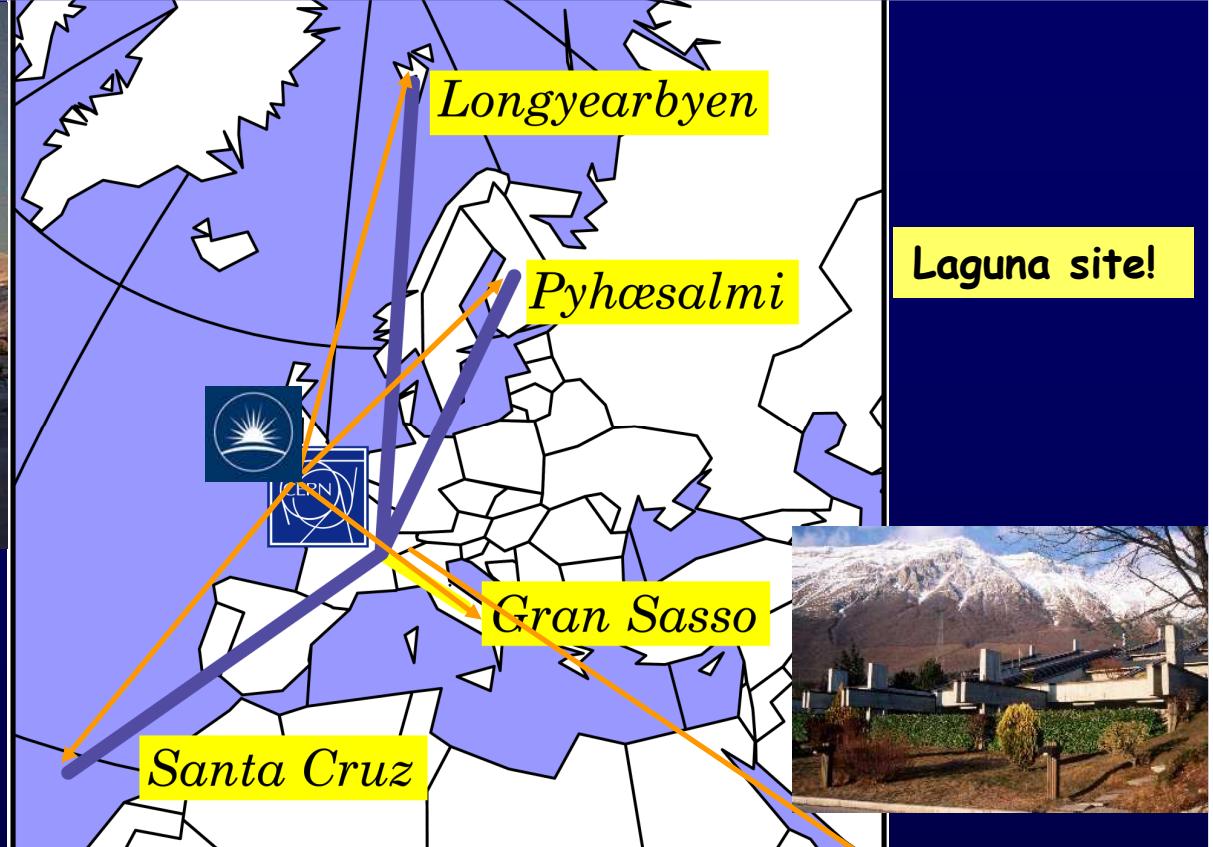


Fermilab Muon Complex - Vision

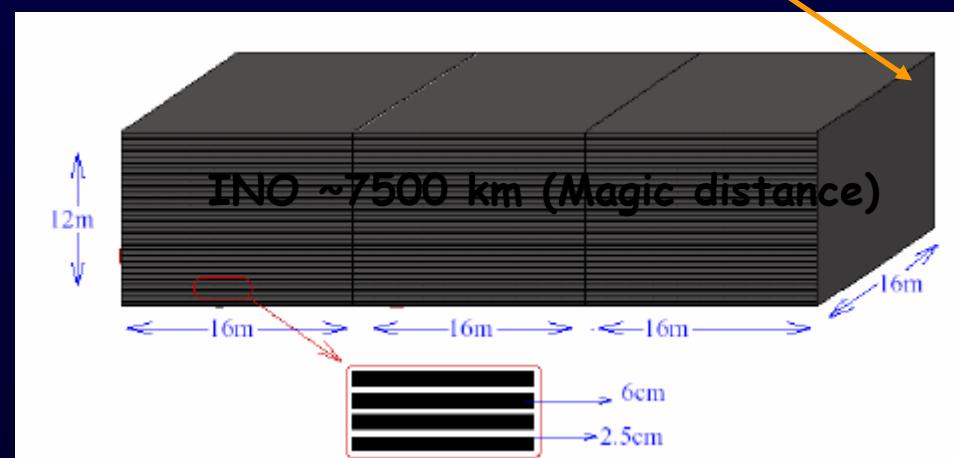


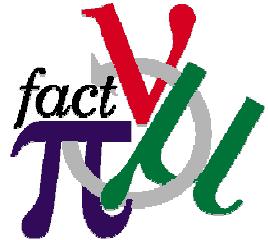


Explore neutrino factory
or muon collider
as an option for the future.
Feasibility, cost



Long baseline detectors: Magnetized Iron, emulsions, liquid argon
Good baselines are: ~3000-5000 depending on muon threshold + 7500 km





References and Links

Original ideas in 1970's (Amaldi, Budker)

Neutrino Beams From Muon Storage Rings: Characteristics And Physics Potential
S. Geer Phys. Rev. D57:6989-6997, 1998, Erratum-ibid. D59:039903, 1999]

Prospective study of muon storage rings at CERN, ECFA-CERN CERN 99-02 (1999)

Study IIA Neutrino Factory and Beta Beam Experiments and Development,
C. Albright et al, BNL-72369-2004, FNAL-TM-2259, LBNL-55478,

ECFA-CERN study of a Neutrino Factory Complex
A. Blondel et al., eds. CERN-2004-002.- ECFA-04-230 March 2004.

ISS reports

Accelerator design concept for future neutrino facilities. arXiv:0802.4023

Detectors and flux instrumentation for future neutrino facilities. JINST 4:T05001, 2009.

Physics at a future Neutrino Factory and super-beam facility. arXiv:0710.4947 [hep-ph]

ISS study

- Performed comparison between proposed facilities
- defined the baseline parameters.

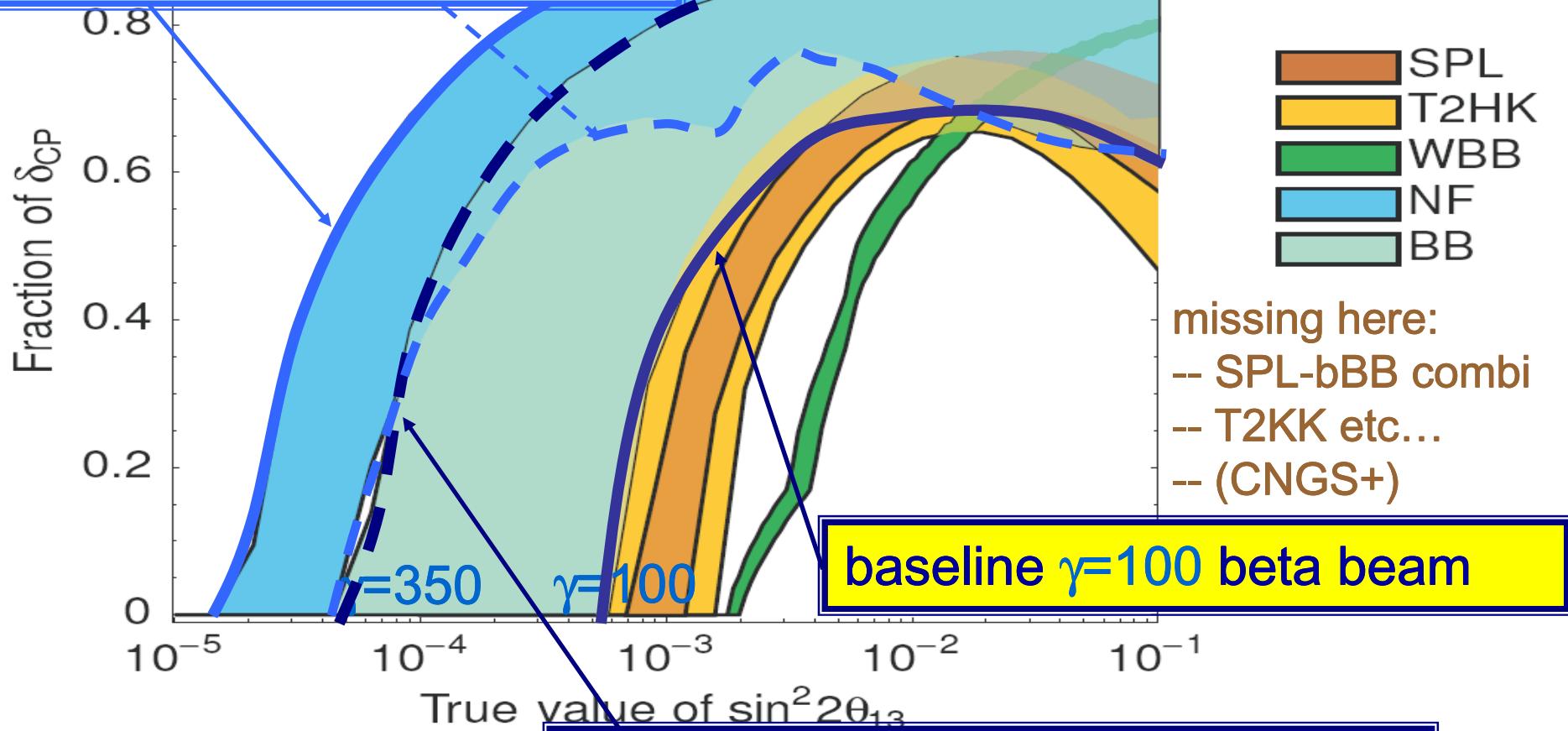
to be followed-up quantitatively (R&D, feasibility, cost) → International Design Study

EPS Cracow 17-07-2009 Alain Blondel



baseline neutrino factory
after ISS

before ISS



Neutrino factory is the most
Powerful device for
neutrino CP violation,
matter effects,
universality,
precise measurements of
Neutrino mixing parameters

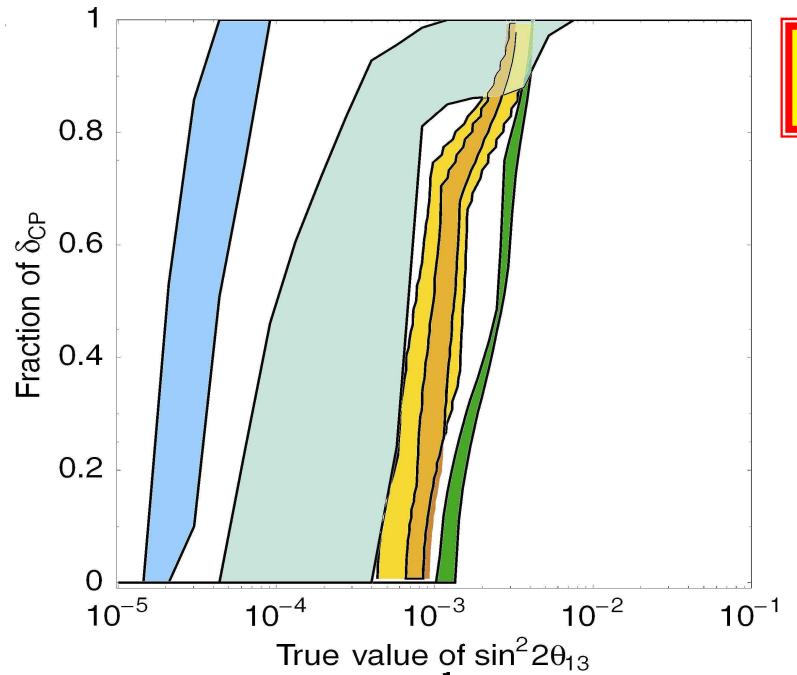
"aspirational" $\gamma=350$ beta beam

The figure shows the discovery reach of various neutrino experiments. The x-axis is the true value of $\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$ (log scale, 10^{-5} to 10^{-1}) and the y-axis is the fraction of δ_{CP} (linear scale, 0 to 0.8). The legend identifies the following bands:

- SPL (orange)
- T2HK (yellow)
- WBB (green)
- NF (light blue)
- BB (light green)

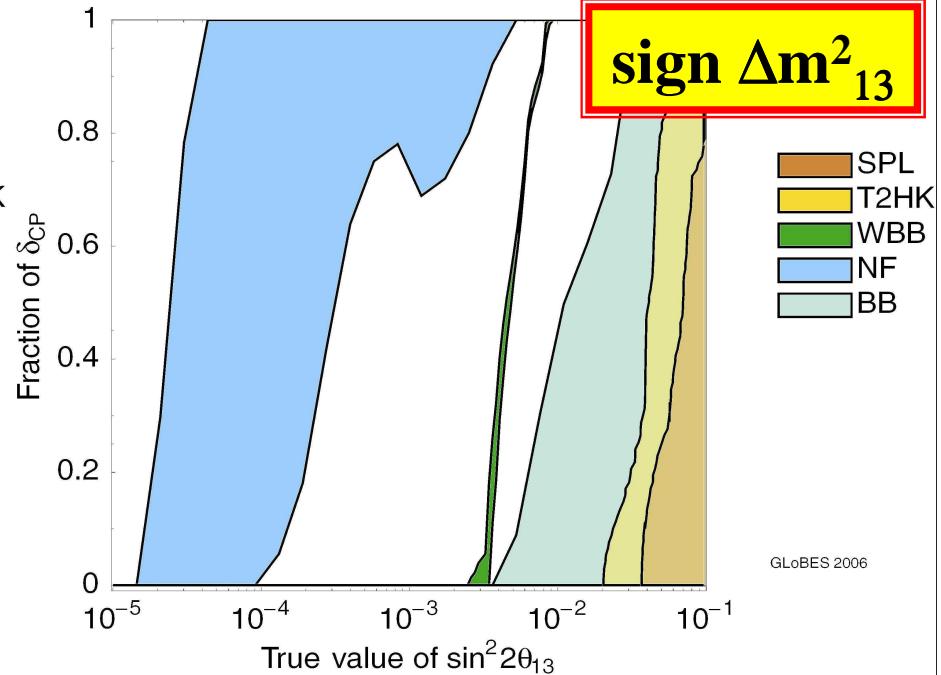
Dashed lines represent the discovery limits for these experiments. A yellow box highlights the reach of a baseline $\gamma=100$ beta beam, and a blue box highlights the reach of an aspirational $\gamma=350$ beta beam. Arrows point from the text boxes to their respective regions on the plot.

Overall comparisons from ISS



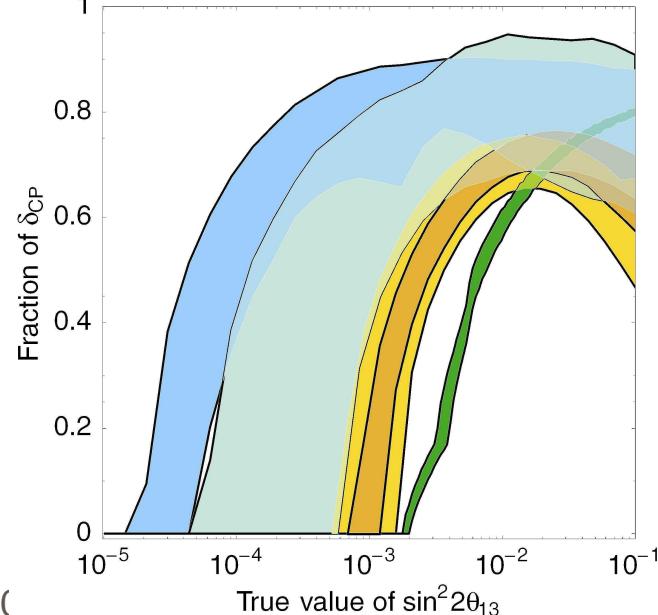
θ_{13}

- SPL
- T2HK
- WBB
- NF
- BB



$\text{sign } \Delta m^2_{13}$

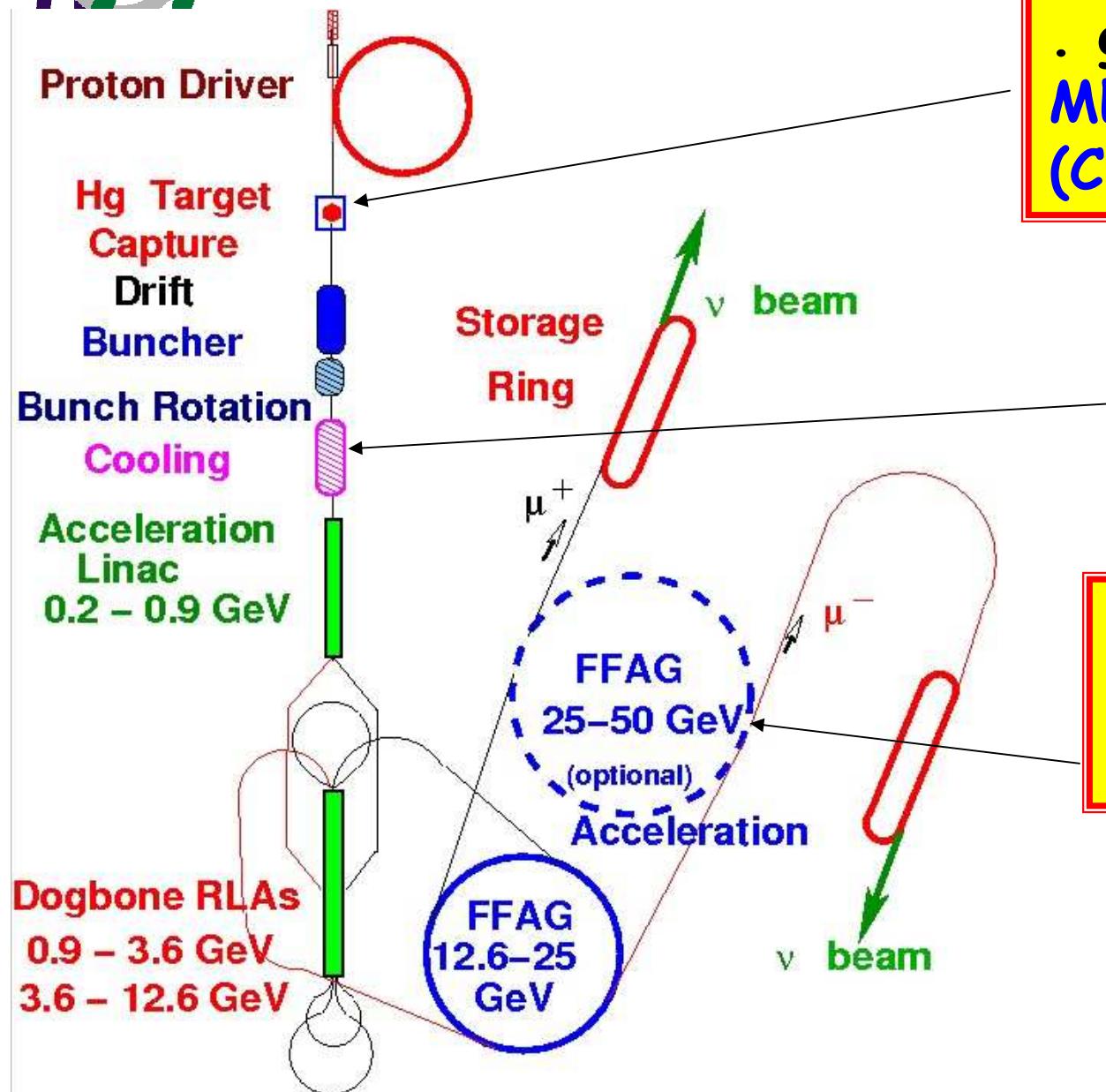
- SPL
- T2HK
- WBB
- NF
- BB



CP
phase δ

NuFACT does it all...
(+ univ. test etc...)
but when can it do it
and at what cost?

Major challenges tackled by R&D expts



High-power target

- 4MW
- good transmission

MERIT experiment (CERN)

Fast muon cooling

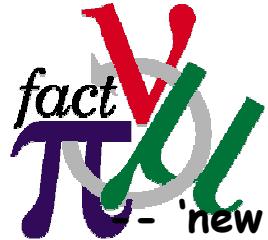
MICE experiment (RAL)

Fast, large aperture accelerator (FFAG)

EMMA (Daresbury)

ISS baseline



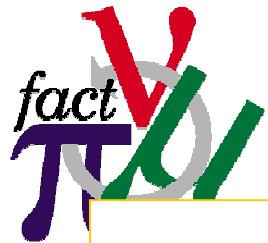


Neutrino Factory Assets and Challenges

- 'new accelerator' (never built) but studied since 1996.

- 'small' collaboration (~100-200) but strongly international
- particle production from target well known (e.g. HARP)
- target technology (Hg jet) established to $\geq 4\text{MW}$ (MERIT!)
but target station issues (radiation and safety) need to be addressed locally!
- principles of ionization cooling and phase rotation well understood
but achievable gradient for $\sim 200\text{ MHz}$ cavities in 2-4 T mag. field not well known
never done, need demonstration (\rightarrow MUCOOL, MICE)
- acceleration schemes for muons well developed
but experience with non scaling FFAG is missing (\rightarrow EMMA)
- detector issues: (will require test beam exposure of proto to 0.5-10 GeV particles)
threshold for muon detection in MIND
tau detection in calorimetric detector
electron detection with charge assignement
near detector design and storage ring instrumentation (polarization meas etc...)
- cost estimate and optimization of facility





MERIT EXPERIMENT at CERN

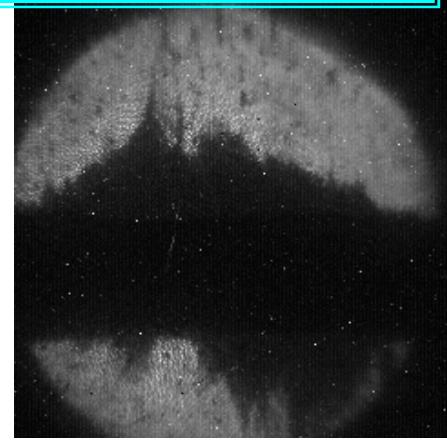
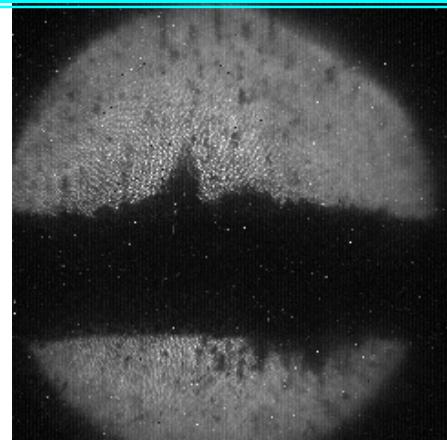
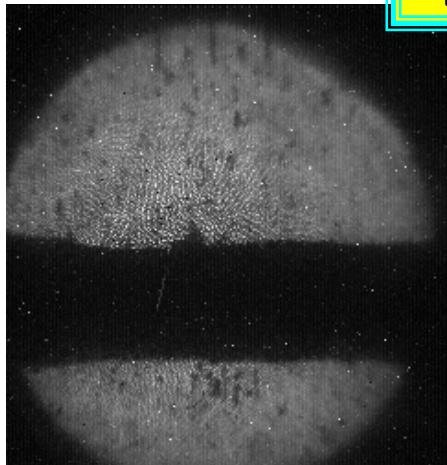
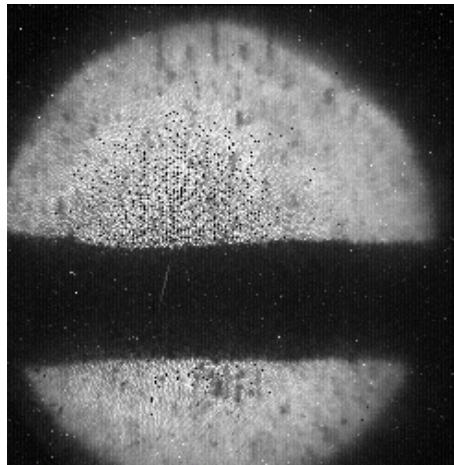
BNL, MIT, ORNL, Princeton University CERN, RAL

Splash velocity
– 24 GeV beam

10TP, 10T

$V = 54 \text{ m/s}$

Demonstrated liquid mercury jet technology
for neutrino factory and muon collider
up to 8MW on target *Oct22-Nov12 2007*

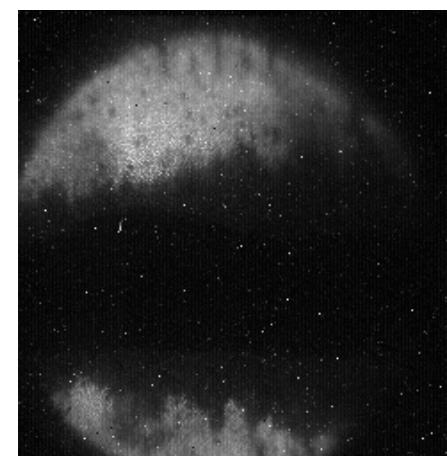
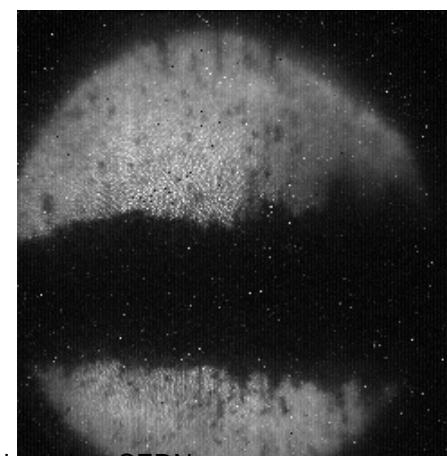
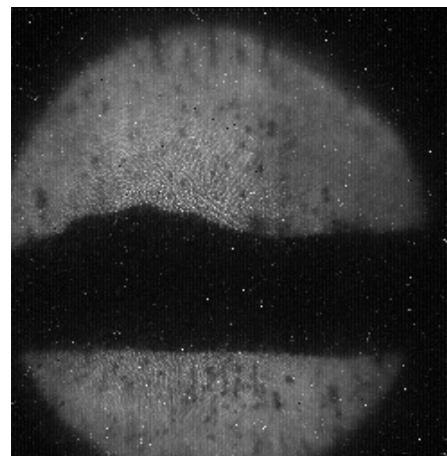
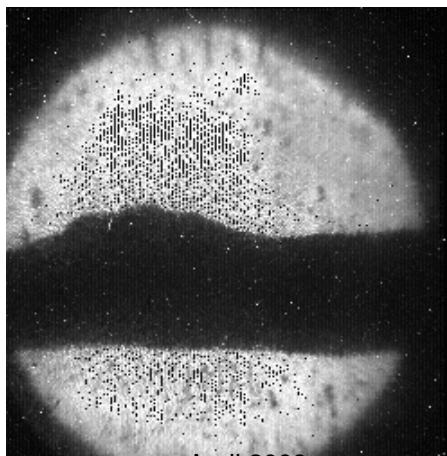


$t=0$
20TP, 15T

$t=0.075 \text{ ms}$
 $V = 65 \text{ m/s}$

$t=0.175 \text{ ms}$

$t=0.375 \text{ ms}$



April 2008

EPS Cracow 17-07-2009 Alain Blondel

$t=0.050 \text{ ms}$

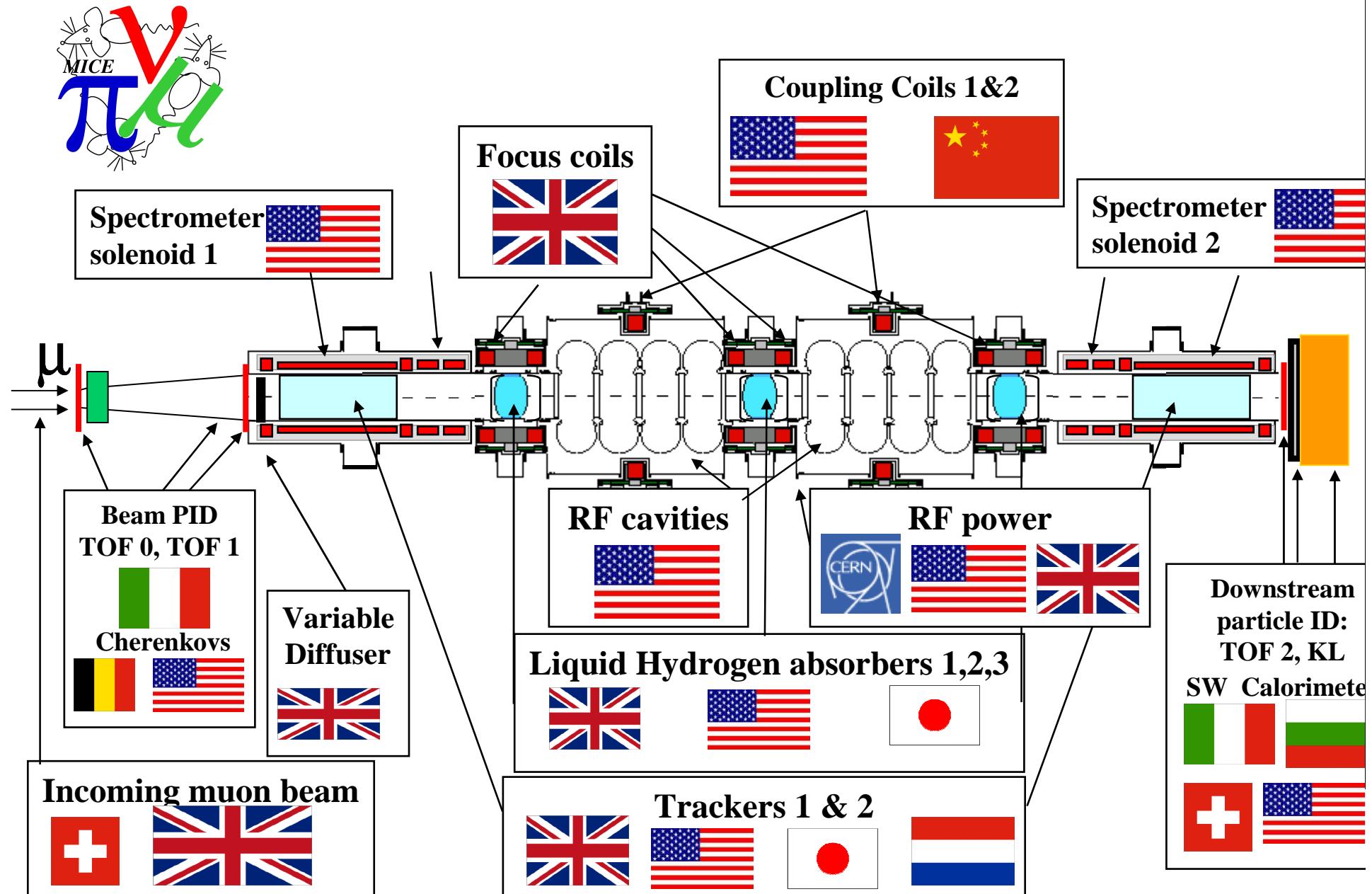
I.Elinymilopoulos, CERN

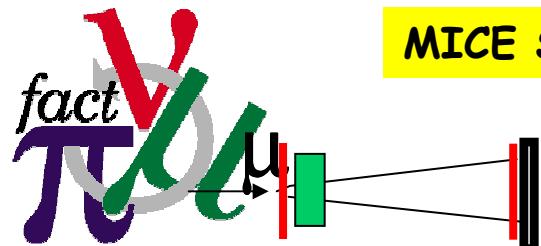
$t=0.175 \text{ ms}$

$t=0.375 \text{ ms}$

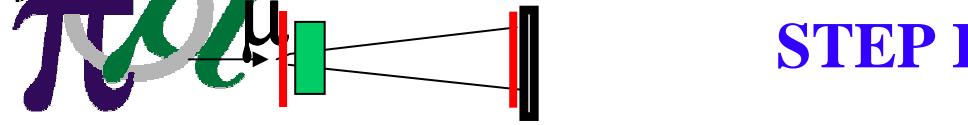


Muon Ionization Cooling Experiment (MICE) Collaboration

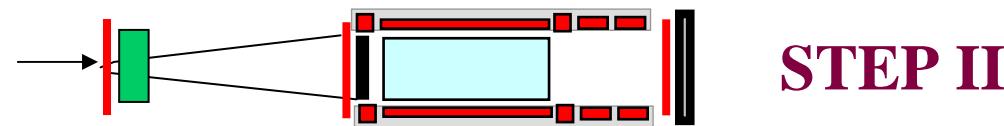




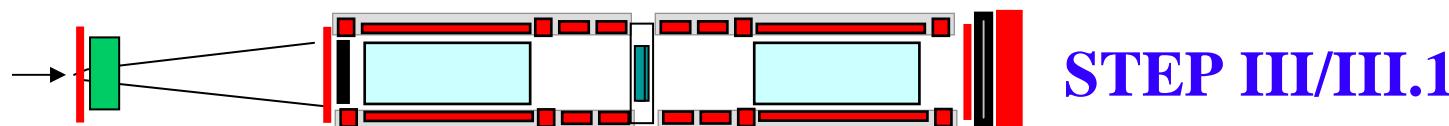
MICE Schedule as of April 2009



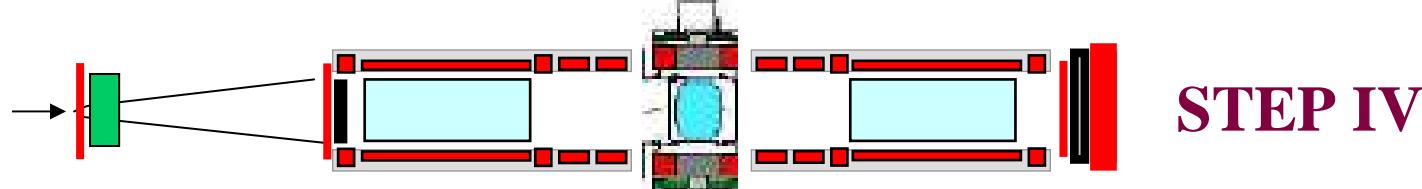
Run: Sep09



Run: Q4 2009

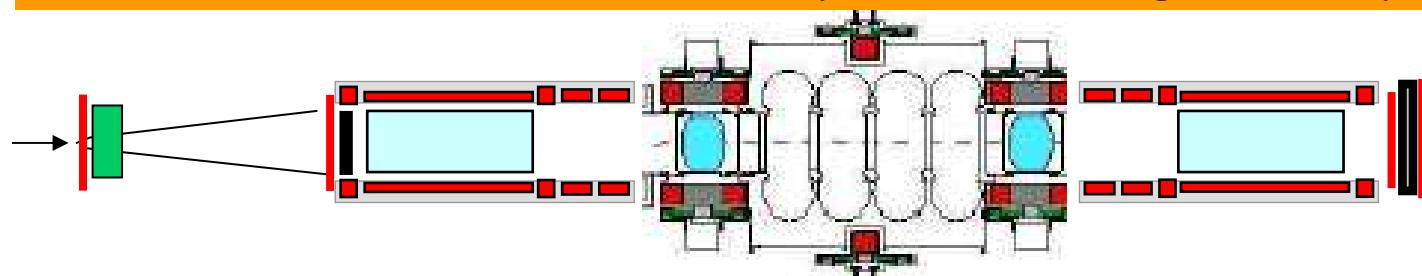


Run: Q1 2010

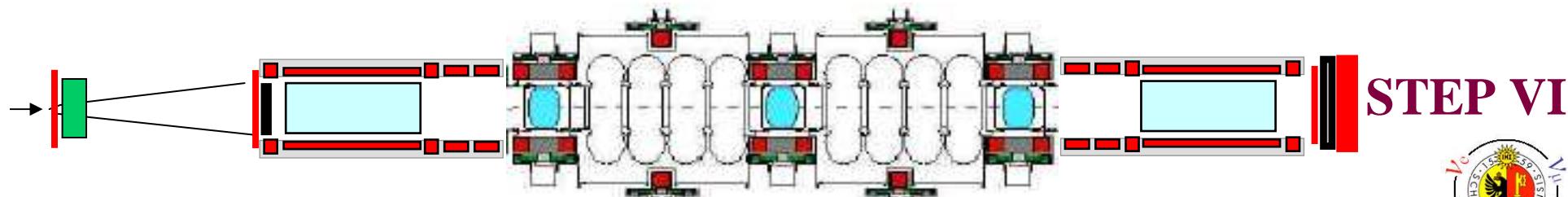


Run: Q2 2010

----- ISIS shut-down (provisional) Aug 2010-Apr 2011 -----

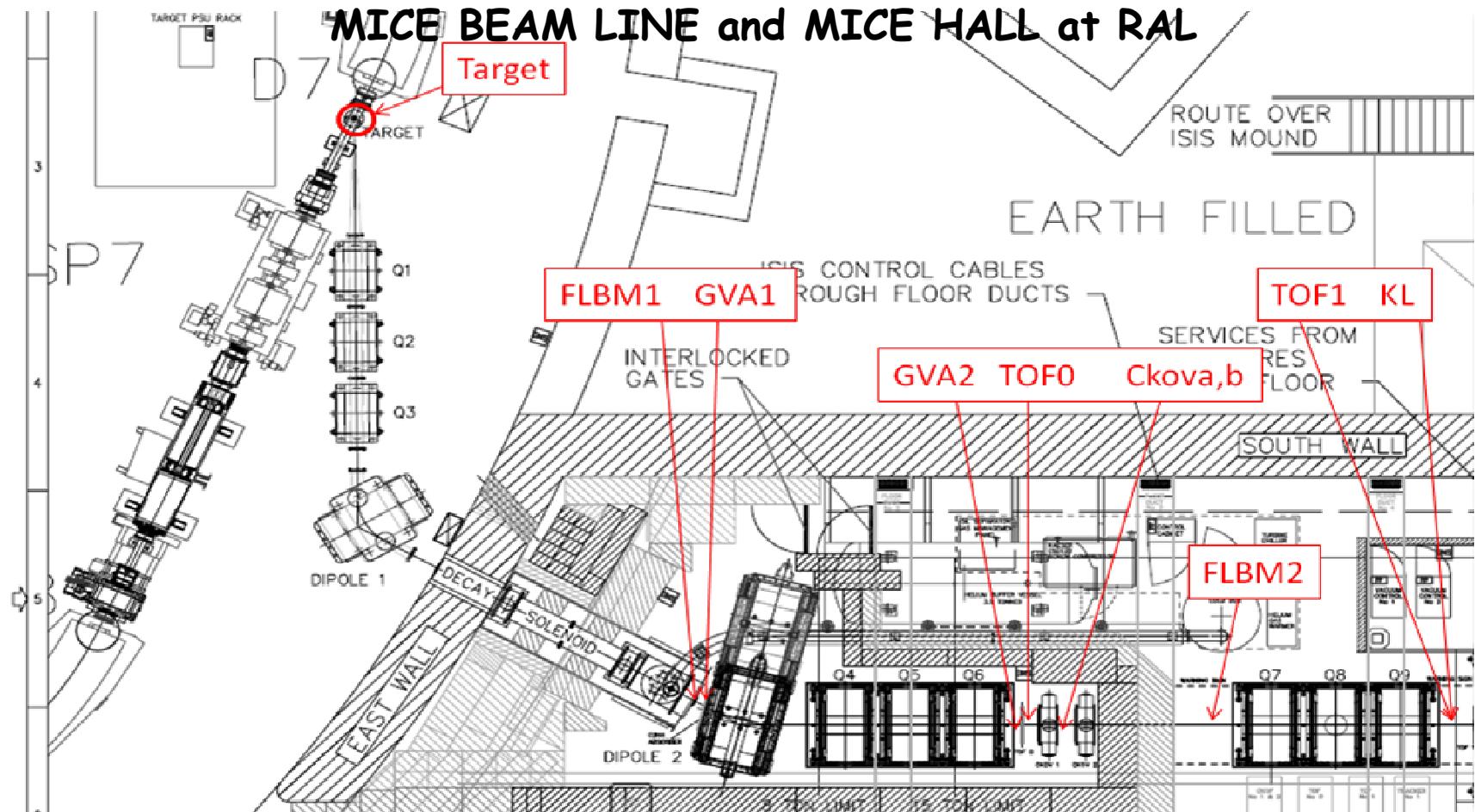


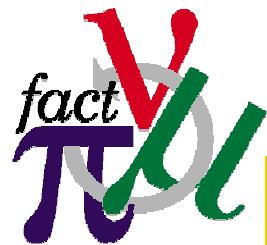
Run: 2011



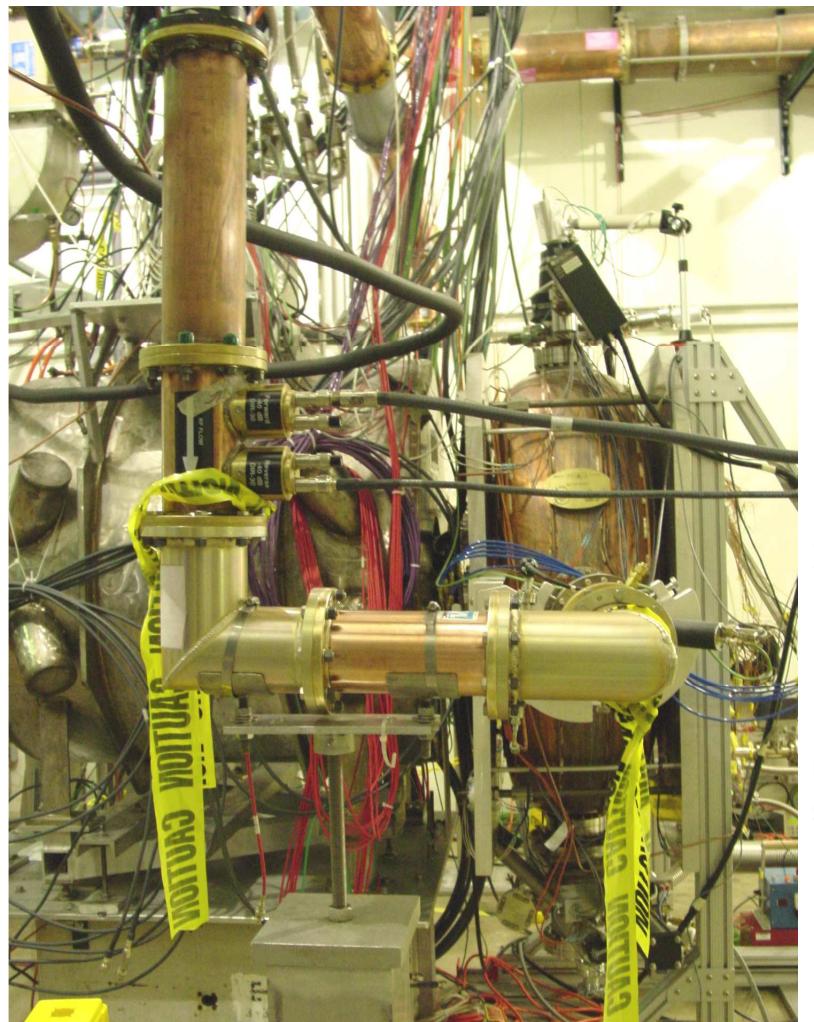
Run 2012



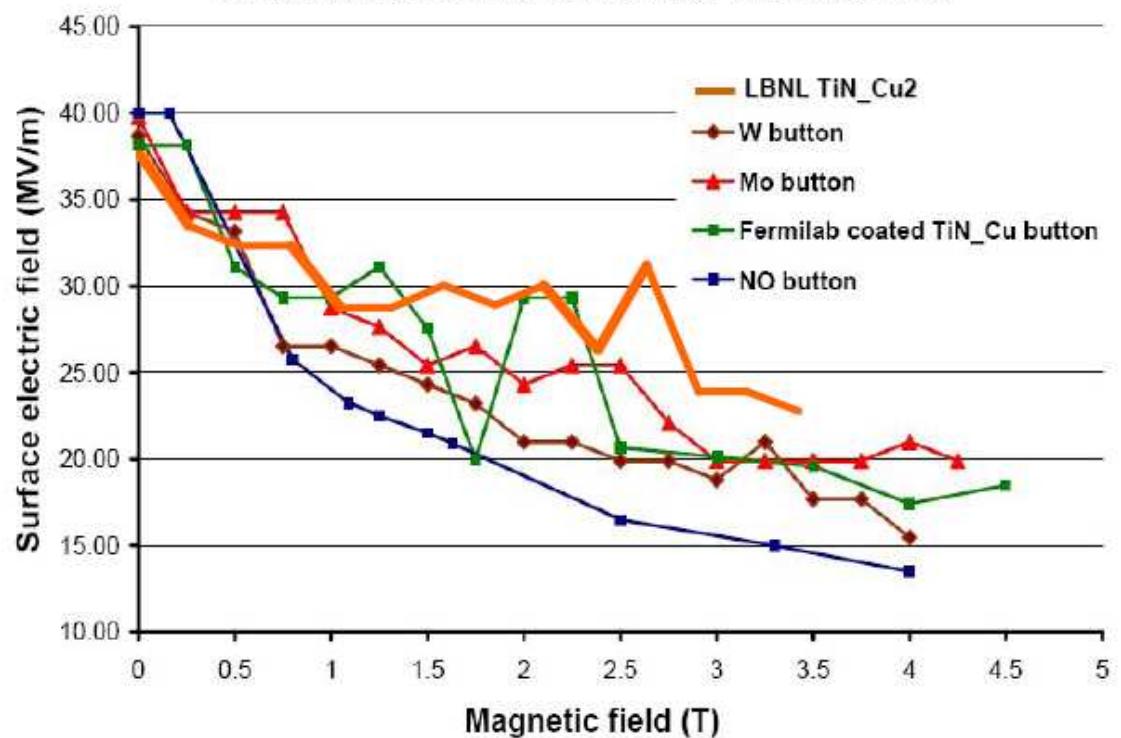


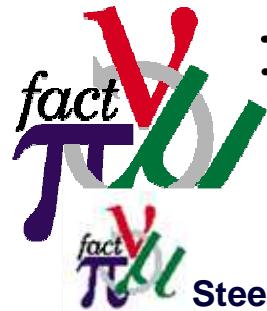


MUCOOL test area at FNAL.



Maximal achievable surface electric field





International Design Study IDS-NF

International Design Study of the
Neutrino Factory

A.Blondel, K.Long (chair), M.Zisman, Y.Kuno

Physics and Performance Evaluation:

A.Donini, P.Huber, S.Pascoli, W.Winter

Accelerator:

S.Berg, Y.Mori, C.Prior, J.Pozimski

Detector:

A.Bross, A.Cervera, N.Mondal, P.Soler

<https://www.ids-nf.org>

EU component is part-funded via EUROnu

Aim: produce CDR for 2012

'CDR' implies:

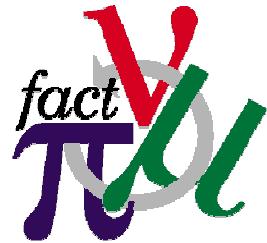
Physics performance of costed scenario

Conceived as input to cost/performance comparison required at C.E.R.N.

Council Strategy Group 2012 decision point

The collaboration





Conclusions

The neutrino factory studies have demonstrated outstanding capabilities in reach and precision for θ_{13} , Δm^2_{13} , neutrino CP violation and unitarity.

Some features are unique.

The accelerator R&D is proceeding

MERIT has demonstrated the liquid target technology

MICE, MUCOOL and EMMA are underway.

Detector prototypes and tests are being planned.

An International Design Study has begun to establish cost and performance of a well-defined baseline setup by 2012/2013.

Opportunities exist in Europe in particular with the upgrade of the LHC injector chain (SPL)

