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The BRAHMS results on the proton-to-pion ratio pT-dependence in the RHIC range of baryo-chemical potential

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The BRAHMS results on the proton-to-pion ratio pT-dependence in the RHIC range of baryo-chemical potential

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BRAHMS measurement of proton-to-pion ratios in Au+Au and p+p at (s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 62.4$ GeV and 200 GeV will be presented as a function of transverse momentum and collision centrality within the pseudorapidity range $0 < \eta < 3$. The baryo-chemical potential, µB, for the indicated data spans from µB \sim 25 MeV ((s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 200$ GeV, $\eta = 0$) to µB \sim 260 MeV ((s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 62.4$ GeV, $\eta ~ 3$) [1]. A striking agreement between p/ π (p T) ratio measured for Au+Au collisions at (s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 200$ GeV ($\eta ~ 2.2$) and at (s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 62.4$ GeV ($\eta ~ 0$) is observed, where the properties of the bulk medium can be described with the common value of µB = 65 MeV. The p/ π ratio for Au+Au system at (s NN) $\frac{1}{2} = 62.4$ GeV, $\eta ~ 3$ reaches astounding value of 8-10 at pT = 1.5 GeV/c. For these energy and pseudorapidity interval no centrality dependency of p/ π ratio is observed. Comparison of the measured p/ π + and pbar/ π - ratios at different beam energies and rapidities with theoretical models [2,3,4] will be provided.

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