

# Charmed Meson Production Deep Inelastic Scattering at HERA and Extraction of $F_2(c\bar{c})$

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Inclusive production of D mesons in deep inelastic scattering at HERA is studied. The data were taken with the H1 detector in the years 2004 to 2007 and correspond to an integrated luminosity of  $\sim 350 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ . D mesons are reconstructed in their decays  $D \rightarrow D_0 + \pi_{\text{slow}} \rightarrow K + \pi + \pi_{\text{slow}}$ . The visible range for the measurements covers the pseudorapidity interval  $|\eta(D)| < 1.5$ , transverse momenta  $p_T(D^*) > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$ , and inelasticity in the scattering process  $0.02 < y < 0.7$ .

The cross sections are measured for low photon virtualities,  $5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$ , and, for the first time with the H1 experiment, for high photon virtualities  $Q^2 > 100 \text{ GeV}^2$ . Single and double differential cross sections are measured and compared to predictions from the next-to-leading order calculation HVQDIS and the leading order Monte Carlo programs RAPGAP and CASCADE.

The charm contribution to the proton structure,  $F_2(c\bar{c})$ , is determined for the kinematic region  $7 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 440 \text{ GeV}^2$  and  $10^{-4} < x_{\text{bj}} < 3 \cdot 10^{-2}$  by extrapolating the visible  $D^*$  meson cross section measured by the H1 collaboration to the full phase space using the NLO QCD calculation HVQDIS, based on DGLAP evolution, and CASCADE, a LO Monte-Carlo program including parton showers based on CCFM evolution.

The production of  $D^{+/-}$  and  $D_0$  mesons has been measured with the ZEUS detector at HERA using an integrated luminosity of  $133.6 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ . The measurements cover the kinematic range  $5 < Q^2 < 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$ ,  $0.02 < y < 0.7$ ,  $1.5 < p_T(D) < 15 \text{ GeV}$  and  $|\eta(D)| < 1.6$ . Combinatorial background to the D meson signals is reduced by using the ZEUS microvertex detector to reconstruct displaced secondary vertices. Production cross sections are compared with the predictions of next-to-leading-order QCD which is found to describe the data well. Measurements are extrapolated to the full kinematic phase space in order to obtain the open-charm contribution,  $F_2(c\bar{c})$ , to the proton structure function,  $F_2$ .

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