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Heavy hadron spectroscopy in a Salpeter model with AdS/QCD inspired potential

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The quark-antiquark potential obtained in a gauge/gravity (AdS/QCD) approach is inserted in a Salpeter equation to determine heavy hadron masses. The parameters of the model are fixed fitting the known spectrum of the S-wave mesons in the sector of heavy-light quarks, charmonium and bottomonium. The predicted mass of η_b is in agreement with the subsequent observation by BaBar Collaboration. A discussion of heavy tetraquark masses is also presented, motivated by the possibility of a diquark-antidiquark structure for some states. The decay constants of charmonium and bottomonium are determined: they control the processes $\eta(nS)_{c/b} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and

$$\psi(nS)/\Upsilon(nS) \to \ell\bar{\ell}.$$

Finally, the masses of baryons comprising two heavy quarks are computed in the same model, assuming a quark-diquark scheme; these states are predicted to exist by the quark model, but so far there is only one experimental candidate, Ξ_{cc} , observed by the Selex Collaboration.

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